

CEC 4135/2014

**DOCUMENTS REQUESTED BY EMA IN THE FURTHER CLARIFICATION DOCUMENT SENT ON
APRIL 29TH, 2014.**

Question 1 on Further Information:

In response to question 2 (Section A- General Information) of the CEC Application Form the activity for which the CEC is required is:

43- Provision of other service oriented activities.

Definition:

(a) The establishment, modification, expansion, decommissioning or abandonment (inclusive of associated works) of an automotive repair garage, autobody shops, gasoline/service stations or vehicle inspection stations;

(c) The establishment, modification, decommissioning or abandonment (inclusive of associated works) of a commercial kitchen with a water consumption of 9 cubic meters or more per day.

Activity 43(C) is relevant to our development proposal because the Fast food outlet may account for 0.38m³/day however the Supermarket will also be equipped with a bakery etc. and there are other retail spaces that may account for water consumption and hence the water consumption is expected to exceed 9 cubic meters or more per day.

Question 2 on Further Information:

Please see attached documents

Question 3 on Further Information:

Please see amended Mitigation Measures attached.

Question 4 on Further Information:

Please See attached for amended flyer and distribution list.



-29-2014 04:26 PM



P. 01

FAXED 28 APR 2014



Our Ref. CEC4135/2014

April 23, 2014

Ramco Industries Limited
c/o Mr. Imtiaz Rahaman
No. 2 Shafik Drive
Cross Crossing
SAN FERNANDO

Dear Mr. Rahaman,

APPLICATION FOR A CERTIFICATE OF ENVIRONMENTAL CLEARANCE (CEC4135/2014) - THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A MULTI-FUEL SERVICE STATION INCLUDING A COMPRESSED NATURAL GAS RETAIL DISPENSING STATION, CONVENIENCE STORE, RETAIL SHOPS AND SUPERMARKET AT THE CORNER OF TISSUE DRIVE AND CHURCHILL ROOSEVELT HIGHWAY, TRINCITY

Previous correspondence on the captioned issue, ending with the response dated March 24, 2014 to the Environmental Management Authority's (EMA's) request for further information of March 04, 2014 refers.

The EMA acknowledges receipt of this information on March 24, 2014. The submitted information has been reviewed and it has been determined that clarification is required to enable the further processing of your application. This arises from issues emerging from the information provided and incomplete responses to our request. Please be guided by the attached Request for Clarification of Further Information.

Should additional information or clarification be required, please contact the assigned officer at 645-3362 Ext. 4251.

Yours sincerely,

/s/ ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT AUTHORITY

MM/si

Our Ref. CEC4135/2014

REQUEST FOR CLARIFICATION OF FURTHER INFORMATION

1. The response to Question 1 of the Request for Further Information (RFI), which required the Applicant to verify whether Activity 43(c) which is identified in the CEC (Designated Activities) Order (as amended), is also considered to be within the scope of the development proposal, indicated that Activity 43(c) is relevant.

However, the response to Question 2 of the RFI indicated that the anticipated daily water consumption for the fast food outlet will be $0.38\text{m}^3/\text{day}$. In this regard, it appears that Activity 43(c) may not be applicable to your development process.

As such, please verify the anticipated daily water consumption, in cubic metres, of the fast food outlet/restaurant and supermarket. In addition, please confirm whether Activity 43(c), as stated in the table below, is still relevant to your development proposal.

ACTIVITY		DEFINITION
43	Provision of other service-oriented activities	(c) The establishment, modification, decommissioning or abandonment (inclusive of associated works) of a commercial kitchen with a water consumption of 9 cubic metres or more per day;

2. Question 10 of the RFI required the Applicant to provide information with respect to the management of risk associated with the natural gas pipeline, and leaks and/or failures of the CNG system, given the fact that there are residences and businesses/industries within proximity to the proposed site. The response provided gave the maximum volumetric capacity of CNG to be stored on the site as 3200 litres, stored in forty 80-litre CNG cascade bottles. In addition, it was also stated that the inlet pressure will be 143 psi and the discharge pressure 3600 psi.

However, a response was not provided with regard to a description of the systems to be installed to minimise the risk of a fire or explosion on the site from the piping, storage, compression and dispensing areas.

Question 10 also required the Applicant to provide a conceptual Emergency Response Plan (ERP) to address emergencies, as well as all incidents and accidents. In response, Appendix 11 entitled 'Emergency Response Plan' was provided. This plan identified the organization and structure of the emergency response team, defining members' qualifications and roles, emergency response procedures, and training of staff with regard to the ERP. Further, the ERP identified the immediate neighbours of the proposed development and stated that neighbours will be informed via telephone in the event of a fire drill.

Our Ref. CEC4135/2014

In addition, it was also stated that the Crisis Management Team will determine the manner in which the emergency will be communicated to the surrounding neighbours, and the provisions that will be provided to assist, where practical.

However, the conceptual ERP provided by the Applicant did not sufficiently discuss the manner in which local residents and businesses/industries will be contacted during an emergency, and what type of information will be communicated to them. In addition, the plan to have proposed agreements with the Tunapuna/Piarco Regional Corporation, Fire Service, co-operatives or emergency response associations, to help deal with emergencies or adverse situations, was not provided.

In this regard, please provide the following information:

- A description of the systems to be installed to minimise the risk of a fire or explosion on the site from the piping, storage, compression and dispensing areas;
 - A revised conceptual Emergency Response Plan (ERP) to address emergencies, as well as all incidents and accidents. This conceptual ERP should include the details already provided, and discuss the aspects described below:
 - i. The manner in which local residents and businesses/industries will be contacted during an emergency and what type of information will be communicated to them; and
 - ii. A description of the planned procedures and equipment/resources to be kept on the site for a tier 1 emergency, for example spills of fuel;
 - iii. The plan to have proposed agreements with the Tunapuna/Piarco Regional Corporation, Fire Service, co-operatives or emergency response associations, to help deal with emergencies or adverse situations.
3. Question 11 of the RFI required the Applicant to provide a detailed description of the mitigation measures that will be implemented for fugitive dust and noise generated during site preparation and construction and operational phases of the facility, as well as potential impacts resulting from spills, leaks, etc. Appendix 8, entitled 'Mitigation Measures', submitted in response to Question 11 identified mitigation measures for fugitive dust and impacts resulting from spills, leaks, etc. However, a statement with regard to mitigation measures to be implemented for noise generated during the site preparation/construction and operational phase of the proposed facility was not provided.

Our Ref. CEC4135/2014

As such, please provide a description of the mitigation measures that will be implemented for the anticipated potential significant adverse impacts associated with noise generated during the site preparation/construction and operational phases of the proposed facility.

4. Question 12 of the RFI required the Applicant to inform the neighbouring residents of the proposed activity. In response, a copy of the flyer which was distributed to neighbouring receptors was provided. The submitted copy of the flyer included the following information:

- The CEC reference number;
- A description of the proposed activity;
- Nature and precise location of the project;
- Activities to be undertaken, as well as the scheduling and duration of activities on the site;
- The distribution list with the names, addresses, time of receipt of flyers, comments and signatures of persons receiving the flyers;

However, the submitted copy of the flyer omitted a summary of the anticipated potential significant adverse impacts associated with the activities to be undertaken at the site (for example, fugitive dust, noise, emissions associated with venting of underground storage tanks, water contamination, runoff and other similar nuisances), and mitigation measures to reduce such impacts. In addition, the distribution list did not include any evidence that neighbouring residents located to the east of the facility (i.e. along Orange Grove Road) were informed about the proposed development.

In this regard, given the nature of this activity, the EMA requests that the neighbouring residents and businesses/industries and other potential stakeholders be informed about the proposed project and given the opportunity to share any opinion of the proposed activity. As such, please provide a copy of the amended flyer and complete distribution list, with the names, addresses, time of receipt of flyers, and comments and signatures of parties receiving the flyers

Please be advised that the information requested above must be submitted in triplicate to the EMA for an assessment to be made of the application.

If deemed necessary, the Applicant may request a meeting with the EMA to clarify any outstanding concerns surrounding this application. Please contact the assigned officer to arrange such meeting.

Our Ref. CEC4135/2014

NOTE:

To facilitate the processing of this application, all correspondence must be labelled **Further Information**, indicating the relevant **CEC Reference Number**, and should be addressed:

ATTENTION:

**Manager - Technical Services
Environmental Management Authority
#8 Elizabeth Street, St. Clair
P.O. Box 5071
PORT-OF-SPAIN**

NB: An addressed label relative to this application is enclosed for your response.



AGIRA KNOX TP 130 3 STAGE ELECTRICAL ENGINE CNG COMPRESSOR

Revision Date No. 0.

Wednesday, February 6th, 2012.

AGIRA SA.

Ruta Panamericana Km 30 – No. 30048 – Colectora Oeste

(1617) Pacheco - Buenos Aires

ARGENTINA

Phone: 541163340000

Fax: 541163340011

www.agira.com.ar

File mainserv (Z) \Compartido\Diseño Industrial\Manuales\AGRA KNOX TP 130\Manual TP 130 3 ETAPAS

CONTENTS.

- 1. INTRODUCTION**
- 2. COMPRESSOR DATA**
 - 2.1 - Technical Specifications.
 - 2.2 - Technical Features.
 - 2.3 - Base Support.
 - 2.4 - Loading and Unloading.
- 3. GAS CONNECTIONS**
 - 3.1- Technical Data.
 - 3.2- Descriptive Drawings
- 4. ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS**
 - 4.1- Main Engine.
 - 4.2- Fan Engine.
 - 4.3- Electrical Panel
 - 4.4- Compressor Panel
- 5. OPERATION**
 - 5.1- General Considerations.
 - 5.2- Start Sequence.
 - 5.3- Stop Sequence.
 - 5.4- Emergency Stop.
- 6. MAINTENANCE**
 - 6.1- Lubrication.
 - 6.1.1- Oil.
 - 6.2- Radiator Cleaning.
 - 6.3- General Inspection and Maintenance.
 - 6.4- Pneumatic Shock Absorbers.
 - 6.5- Power Cut Prevention.
- 7. FAILURES: DETECTION AND CORRECTION.**
- 8. DRAWINGS**
 - 8.1- Connections. drawing No. 8-0830 A - I (Rev. 0).
 - 8.2- Compressor Electrical Panel. drawing No.9-0232 U (Rev. 0).
 - 8.3-Compressor electrical wiring. Drawing No. 8-0910 A (Rev. 0)

REVISIONS:

Rev. No.	Description	Date	Revised



CAUTION

" READ CAREFULLY THE FOLLOWING MANUAL BEFORE START UP THE MACHINE"

THE COMPRESS GAS UNITS ARE COMPLICATED AND DANGEROUS MACHINES, FOR THE PEOPLE THAT DON'T HAVE THE TRAINING AND ACQUAINTED WITH IT FUNCTIONS

BEFORE STARTING THIS UNITS:

1_ READ AND STUDY START-UP AND SHUT-DOWN INFORMATION FOR BOTH PACKAGE AND COMPRESSOR CAREFULLY.

2_ A GAS/AIR MIXTURE UNDER PRESSURE CAN EXPLODE! YOU CAN BE SEVERELY INJURED FOR KILLED. MAKE SURE THE COMPRESSOR IS SUFFICIENTLY PURGED OF ANY EXPLOSIVE MIXTURE BEFORE LOADING.

3_ AFTER COMPLETING THE ABOVE, BEGIN PROPER STARTING PROCEDURE.



CAUTION

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO START-UP UNIT WITHOUT REFERING TO THIS MANUAL SECTION 5.2 "START SEQUENCE" AND 5.3 "STOP SEQUENCE". IT IS ALSO ESSENTIAL TO REFER TO THE PACKAGER'S OPERATING MANUAL.

"DO NOT MAKE ANY TYPE OF MAINTENANCE OR REPAIR WORK WHEN THE COMPRESSOR IS OPERATING"

"THE NATURAL GAS COMPRESSOR IS POTENTIALLY DANGEROUS SO IT HAVE TO BE MANAGE BY QUALIFIED PERSONAL".

USER'S MANUAL

AGIRA KNOX TP 130 3 STAGE ELECTRICAL ENGINE CNG COMPRESSOR

1- INTRODUCTION:

This manual aims to provide the user with all the information regarding: *Installation, Start up, Operation, and Maintenance of the AGIRA KNOX TP 130 3 STAGE CNG compression unit*, as well as all technical and functional features of this unit.

Therefore, we ask you to read it carefully to assure proper use and maximize performance of the equipment.

2- COMPRESSOR DATA

2.1- Technical Specifications:

Feed: 3x440V – 60Hz

RPM: 1780

Approx. Weight: 8000 KG.

External Measures (mm): width 3125, height 2650, length 2250.

Oil sump capacity: 8 Lts.

Maximum working pressure: 3000 PSI (200 Bar).

2.2- Technical Features:

Number of Stages: 3.

Cylinders: 3.

Maximum suction pressure: 200 PSI (14 Bar).

Minimum suction pressure: 300 PSI (21Bar).

Power: 150 HP.

Performance: 630 CFM (1000 Nm³/h) at 300 PSI

2.3- Base Support:

The compressor installation site shall comply with the environmental safety rules in force, according to IRAM Standards No. 4062. The floor must be made of concrete to support the weight of the equipment without breaking.

AGIRA KNOX TP 130 3 STAGE compressors have an **Exclusive System of Four Pneumatic Supports** designed to substantially diminish vibrations and, therefore, prevent them from reaching equipment or facilities close to the compressor. The location of shock absorbers in the equipment can be found in figure No. 1.

2.4- Loading and Unloading:

A crane must be available to place the equipment for its loading and unloading at the installation site. The crane must be able to move the equipment, on site, without risks of accidents.

The compressor must be attached to the crane by means of a hoisting device, as shown in figure No. 2.

FIG. No. 1.

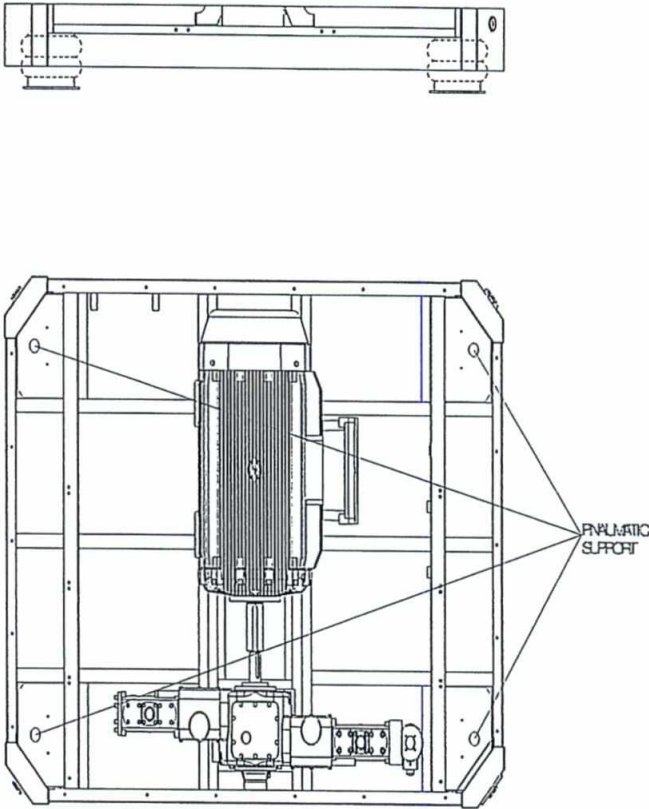
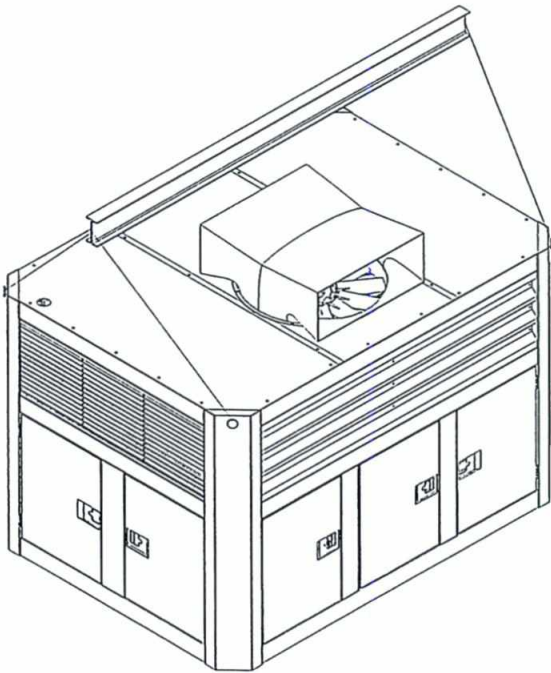


FIG. No. 2.





CAUTION

"FLATTENING HAZARD". IT EXPRESSLY FORBIDDEN THAT ANY OPERATOR PLACE UNDER THE COMPRESSOR DURING THE RAISE OF IT, SO YOU HAVE TO ALERT AND DELIMITATE THE ZONE.



CAUTION

THE OPERATOR CAN ONLY PLACE NEAR THE COMPRESSOR WHEN THIS IS IN THE HORIZONTAL TRANSLATE, UNDER 500MM OF THE FLOOR.



CAUTION

BEFORE PROCEED TO THE COMPRESSOR RAISE YOU HAVE TO CHEK OUT THE HOOKS, SLINGS, AND YOUR CHARGE CAPACITIES AND THE CRANE.



CAUTION

ONLY YOU CAN RAISE THE COMPRESSOR HOOK UP FROM THE 4 HOLES THAT ARE SITUATED IN THE SKID BASE



ATENCIÓN

BEFORE ANY OPERATION OF THE COMPRESSOR, LIKE ASSEMBLING, RAISE; REPARATIONS OR MAINTENANCE. THE OPERATOR SHUOLD CARRY THE FOLLOWING INDIVIDUAL SECURITY EQUIPMENT; GLOVES, SECURITY BOOTS (WITH REINFORCED TOECAP, ADEQUATE CLOTH

3- GAS CONNECTIONS

3.1- Technical Data

The piping of gas connections from the network to the equipment shall be performed by the company to be determined, while AGIRA S.A. shall provide the technical specifications regarding the piping.

3.2- Descriptive Drawings

See Drawing No. 8-0830 A-I (Rev. 0) at the end of this section, which provides details on the connections and their distributions.

4- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

All connections involving the compressor must be taken into account, according to drawing No. 9-0013 U (Rev. 0), which describes all the characteristics of the wires for the connection, as well as the arrangement of the electrical control panel provided by AGIRA S.A.

4.1- Main Engine:

Features:

Electrical Engine: WEG.

Power: 150HP.

RPM: 1780.

Feed: 3 x 440V – 60Hz

Class 1 Div. 1 APE electrical protection (FCXP).

4.2- Fan Engine:

Features:

Electrical Engine: WEG

Power: 7.5 HP.

RPM: 1180

Feed: 3 x 440V – 60Hz

Class 1 Div. 1 APE electrical protection (FCXP).

4.3- Electrical Panel:

The electrical panel consists of a **“Command / Electricity inlet panel for a soft start”**.

The command / electricity panel is formed by:

Cabinet: 600x900x340mm.

P.L.C.: designed to carry out the starting up and stopping in a programmed way.

Intrinsic-safety terminal: receives information from the PLC of the different control instruments. In turn, it sends a signal to a terminal and this terminal sends it to the compressor's Murphy panel, where the manometer and temperature indicators are installed.

This way, it operates under anti-explosive conditions complying with safety standards.

In addition, the panel is formed by two 6 Amp. thermal keys to feed the PLC and 24 VCC source, and one 20 A three-pole thermal key to feed the fan, a fan engine guard, the PLC Feed source, and a fan Contactor.

Indicating display (allows the viewing of all compressor operating parameters), alarm Buzzer, compressor's stop Signal and Start Key.

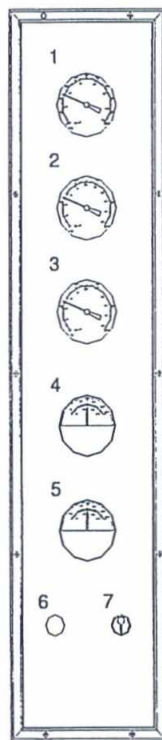
And a 400Amp disconnecting key with fuse blocks, three ultra-rapid 400 A fuses, and a weg soft start. It is designed to control power consumption during the start of the equipment, avoiding excessive power consumption.

The arrangement of the parts in the command panel/ electricity can be found in drawing No. 9-0232 U (Rev. 0).

4.4- Compressor Panel:

This panel aims to show the Pressure and Temperature operating parameters of the compressor, by means of WIKA instruments located therein. Such instruments work through signals issued by the intrinsic-safety terminal, therefore, the panel's operating conditions are anti-explosive, avoiding any kind of accident.

At the bottom has a start Key and an emergency Switch, for the event of emergency stops. See Fig. No. 4.



NOTA:

- 1- PRESIÓN ENTRADA AL COMPRESOR: 0-1500 PSI
- 2- PRESIÓN 1º ETAPA: 0-3000 PSI
- 3- PRESIÓN 2º ETAPA: 0-5000 PSI
- 4 TEMP. 1º ETAPA: 0-350 °F
- 5- TEMP. 2º ETAPA: 0-350 °F
- 6- PARADA DE COMPRESOR
- 7- LLAVE DE ARRANQUE COMPRESOR

FIG. No. 4.

5 – OPERATION

5.1- General Considerations:

Agira KNOX TP 130 3 STAGE compressor is powered by an electrical engine. It will be operated by a Telemecanique TWIDO P.L.C., where a specially designed program is installed, with a specific sequence, mentioned below.

The P.L.C. is linked to a display, which indicates, through labels, what is happening in the compressor at that moment. It indicates the starting sequence, normal stop and different failures for emergency stops.

The compressor panel has a start key, emergency stop and alarm buzzer.

Tension signals (220 V) leave the P.L.C. to feed the inverter of the main engine and the solenoid valves operating in the different command actuators of the compressor. There are also intrinsic safety signals leaving the P.L.C, which are linked to the compressor panel with respect to emergency stops and command signals.

The electrical engine starts by means of a inverter, which is mounted on the same panel.

5.2- Start Sequence

The compressor may be started by pushing the start key that is located in the remote panel or compressor panel (Fig. 4) in the compressor. The start procedure is performed by moving the key of the panel to RESET position and then to START position. At this time the compressor will start running. If it does not, check the message appearing in the Display in order to troubleshoot the failure (see failure details).

The start is carried out as follows:

1) The P.L.C. sends the required electrical signal so the inlet valve opens and the fan starts (Y1 and Y4 outlets of terminal B2). After four (4) seconds, the P.L.C. sends the required electrical signal to initiate the inverter (Y8 outlet of terminal B2), and likewise starts the compressor.

The phrase "COMPRESSOT STARTING", and, later, the expression "COMPRESSOR RUNNING" will appear on the display.

2) Once the start-up ramp is finished (estimated in 12 seconds: a value that is set in the soft starter), the solenoid that controls the depressurization valve (Y3 outlet of terminal B2) starts running, closing this valve and starting compression. The phrase "Compressing" will appear on the display.

The controller will check, at all times, that every variable is working properly.

The abovementioned times are entered into the program by AGIRA S.A. personnel during the implementation.

5.3- Normal Stop Sequence:

When the compressor reaches its maximum discharge pressure (200

bar), the 3th stage manometer switch will send a signal to the P.L.C., which will cause the latter to start the stopping sequence described below:

1) The inlet valve (Y1 outlet of terminal B2) is closed. The engine keeps rotating, which will cause the existing gas to be consumed in the inlet tank, and the consequent inlet pressure drop. The phrase "COMPRESSOR STOPPING " will appear on the display.

2) When pressure reaches approximately 1 Bar, the compressor will stop. Said configuration is set by AGIRA personnel by modifying, in the program, the time the compressor will take to stop after the valve is closed.

3) Once the compressor stops, the pressurization valve (Y3 outlet of terminal B2) opens, and, as said valve is connected to the inlet Blow Down pipe, pressure is equalized in all stages. The equalized pressure, which will be almost equal to the suction pressure, will leave the compressor ready for the next start. The words "READY TO RUN" will appear on the display.

The P.L.C. waits for the 3th stage manometer switch signal. When storage pressure drops to 180 bar, the compressor will re-start the sequence.

5.4- Emergency Stops

In case some of the controlled parameters are, momentarily, with a value off the normal operation range, the instruments will send a signal to the P.L.C., which will cause the compressor to stop.

The following are the emergency stop parameters:

COMPRESSOR OIL PRESSURE LOW
OIL LEVEL LOW
INLET PRESSURE LOW
INLET PRESSURE HIGH
1st STAGE PRESSURE HIGH
2nd STAGE PRESSURE HIGH
1st STAGE GAS TEMPERATURE HIGH
2st STAGE GAS TEMPERATURE HIGH
3rd STAGE GAS TEMPERATURE HIGH
MAIN MOTOR OVERLOAD
FAN MOTOR OVERLOAD
EXCESS OF VIBRATION
LUBRICATION FAULT
EMERGENCY STOP

These are the messages that can be viewed on the display in case of failure.



CAUTION

IT COULD CAUSE SERIOUS PERSONAL HURTS AND MATERIAL DAMAGES IF IT IS NOT FULLY DISCHARGE THE SYSTEM PRESSURE BEFORE DROP THE PINS IN THE BRIDLES, BUTTS, VALVES COVERS OR GASKETS.

ANY MAINTENANCE WORK HAVE TO BE DONE BY QUALIFIED OPERATOR.



CAUTION

THE NOISE OF THE COMPRESSOR COULD CAUSE DAMAGE IN THE EARS.

USE EAR PROTECTION WHE THE EQUIPMENT IS WORKING.

BEFORE STARTING ANY MAINTENANCE OR REMOVING ANY COMPONENTS, RELIEVE ALL PRESSURE FROM THE COMPRESSOR CYLINDERS. (TO VENT ALL THE SYSTEM, OPEN THE PURGE VALVE OF THE BLOW DOWN)

AFTER PERFORMING ANY MAINTENANCE, THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE PURGED WITH GAS PRIOR TO OPERATION, TO AVOID A POTENTIALLY EXPLOSIVE AIR/GAS MIXTURE.



CAUTION

TRAPPED GAS PRESSURE CAN PRESENT A PERSONAL SAFETY HAZARD HEN YOU MAKE SOME TECHNICAL SERVICE.

WORK IN A WINDY AREA AND FREE OF SPARK.

DO NOT BREATHE GAS WHEN YOU VENT

6- MAINTENANCE

6.1- Lubrication: See Fig. No.6

Lubrication is vital for the good operation and long useful life of the compressor and, therefore, requires special care since the equipment operates under high Pressure and Temperature conditions, which could jeopardize some of the equipment's mechanical parts.

Note that a good lubrication will allow:

- A) Reduction of mechanical friction and, therefore, power consumption.
- B) Reduction of wear and tear: by increasing the operational life of the equipment and, consequently, reducing maintenance costs.
- C) Prevention of corrosion in contact parts.
- D) Maintenance of friction surfaces in good conditions, allowing work under mechanical tolerance conditions.

The lubrication system is designed for such purpose; therefore, the operator will have to bear the following considerations in mind:

6.1.1- Oil:

Features: Mineral oil SAE 40

Control:

Amount of oil in sump: 8 Lts.

Oil Change: every 1000 hours.

Filter Change: every 1000 hours.

Oil level in compressor viewer.

"OIL LEVEL" INDICATOR

FIG. No. 6





CAUTION

ADD OIL WHEN IT IS NECESSARY, TO KEEP OIL LEVEL BETWEEN THE MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM INDICATED.

THE OIL LEVEL MUST BE CHECKED WITH THE COMPRESSOR RUNNING.



CAUTION

VENT THE BLOW DOWN 2 OR 3 TIMES PER DAY.

DO NOT REUTILIZE THE OIL EXTRACTED FROM THE PURGE.

6.2- Radiator Cleaning

The cleaning of the radiators is very important for proper operation of the compressor (heat exchangers GAS-AIR).

Therefore, pressurized air must be injected (upstream) weekly, preferably with the fan running, in order to eliminate the dust or any other material that can stick to the diverter plates of the heat exchanger. This will increase its efficiency and thus produce an outlet gas at room temperature.



CAUTION

THE HOT COMPRESSED GAS TEMPERATURE SPECIALLY FROM THE DISCHARGE AREAS IN THE CYLINDERS AND IN THE FRICTION AREAS COULD CAUSE IMPORTANT BURNINGS.

TURN OFF THE UNITY AND LEAVE IT CATCH COLD BEFORE MAKING MAINTENANCE WORKS IN THOSE AREAS.



CAUTION

"THE COUPLING PROTECTOR MUST BE ALWAYS IN ITS POSITION, FOR SAFETY REASONS".

"NEVER START UP THE COMPRESSOR WITHUOT SET UP THE COUPLING PROTECTOR".

"IT IS FORBIDEEN TO EXTRACT THE COUPLING PROTECTOR BY A NOT QUALIFIED OPERATOR FOR THE MAINTENANCE OF THE COMPRESSOR WITHOUT THE PREVIOUS DESCONNECTION OF THE FEEDING FOUNTAIN".

6.3- General Inspection and Maintenance

<i>CONTROL</i>	<i>DAILY</i>	<i>EVERY 15 DAYS</i>	<i>EVERY 1000 HOURS</i>	<i>EVERY 4000 HOURS.</i>	<i>EVERY 8000 HOURS</i>	<i>EVERY 16000 HOURS</i>	<i>EVERY 32000 HOURS</i>
Control Compressor Oil Level	Yes						
Manually Drain the Condensate of Separators	Yes						
Perform a Visual Inspection to Detect any Oil or Gas Leak	Yes						
Control Hot Oil Pressure (35 to 40 Psig.)	Yes						
Control Unusual Vibrations	Yes						
Record All Pressures and Temperatures in a Daily Notepad	Yes						
Clean Heat Exchangers Gas-Air		Yes					
Change Oil (8 Lts.) Normal SAE 40			Yes				
Supervise that all the stops of the machines are working			Yes				
Change Oil Filter			Yes				
Control all machine locks			Yes				
Check measurement instruments			Yes				
Test pipe sealing			Yes				
Verify sensitivity of vibration sensor			Yes				
Check rings in all stages (Change if it necessary)				Yes			
Change rings in last stage.				Yes			

CONTROL	DAILY	EVERY 15 DAYS	EVERY 1000 HOURS	EVERY 4000 HOURS.	EVERY 8000 HOURS	EVERY 16000 HOURS	EVERY 32000 HOURS
Change packings on both sides of compressor						Yes	
Change valves of all stages						Yes	
Change of metal lever link - crankshaft							Yes
Change crankshaft bearings							Yes
Change Cross-Head Bushings							Yes
Replace O rings and joints							Yes
Check oil pump to gears. Change if necessary							Yes
Verify rods and pistons of all stages (change if necessary)							Yes
Verify light (wear and tear) between cross-head and cross-head guide							Yes

6.4- Pneumatic Shock Absorbers

Verify that the Pneumatic Shock Absorbers always maintain air pressure so that the compressor never makes contact with the floor, and remains at a minimum distance of 50 mm. Otherwise, blow shock absorbers up with compressed air at 10 Bar (Max), so that the compressor is leveled in all directions.

6.5- Power Cut Prevention.

In case of a power outage in the CNG station, all thermal magnetic keys of the compressor feed, PLC, Suppliers and Emergency Stop must be disconnected.

Once electric power is reestablished, all thermal keys must be reconnected. In this case the Emergency Stop will remain active, for which the reset button of emergency stop must be pushed, then a light signal will turn off and the power supply will be reinstated for normal operation.

NOTE: If you have an emergency power generator, the operation must follow these steps:

- 1- Disconnect all thermal keys.
- 2- Connect the Emergency Power Generator.
- 3- Connect all thermal keys slowly, one at a time, until all of them are opened.



CAUTION

IN THE CASE OF ELECTRIC MAINTENANCE DICONECT THE MACHINE
OF ALL ELECTRIC SUPPLY.



CAUTION

THE ACCES TO THE ELECTRIC ZONES ARE INDICATED WITH A
ETIQUETTE OF DANGER WITH A DRAWING OF A THUNDERBOLT.

"ALL ELECTRIC INSTALLATION OF THE PLACE WERE IS GOING TO
BE THE COMPRESSOR SHOULD BE "APE" EXPLOSION PROOF".



CAUTION

THE EMPLACEMENT OF THE COMPRESSOR WITH THE ELECTRIC
PANELS SHOULD GOES IN A PROTECT ZONE OF HUMIDITY AND THE
TEMPERATURE OF THE EMPLACEMENTS MUST BE LESS THAN 50°C

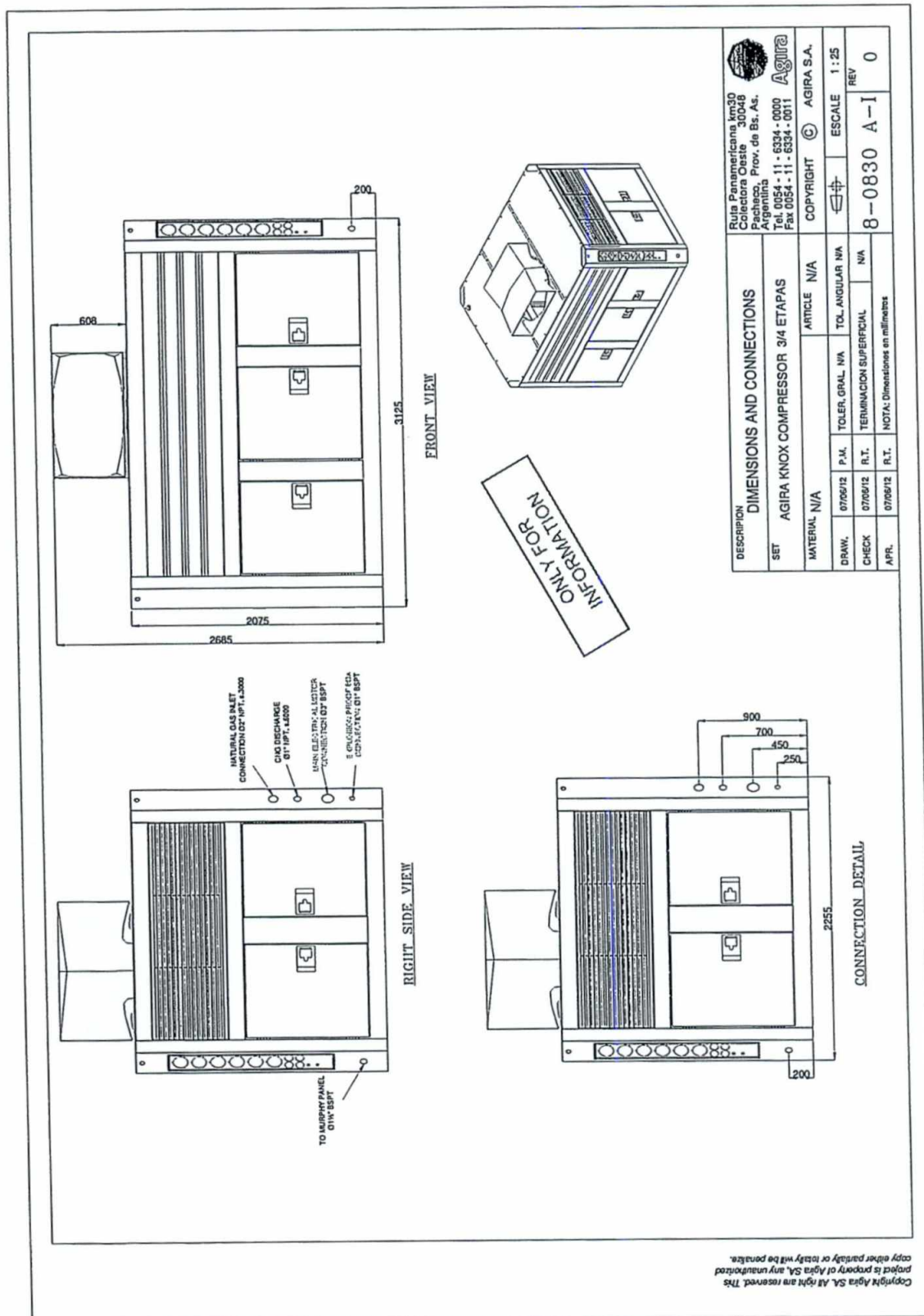
7- FAILURES: DETECTION AND CORRECTION.

<u>FAILURE</u>	<u>POSSIBLE CAUSE</u>	<u>SOLUTION</u>
Inlet pressure low	Outlet fuse Y1 (terminal B2) may be broken. The coil of three-way Skinner valve is burnt (short circuit). The three-way valve does not work properly (does not move the actuator). The servo control valve of the measuring bridge is closed.	Change fuse. Call Technical Service. Call Technical Service. Check electrical power and its coil.
Compressor oil pressure low	Oil leak in the circuit High viscosity oil at low temperature.	Visual inspection of oil circuit. If there is any leak, tighten connectors. Start compressor again (just once) and verify that oil pressure increases.
Excess Vibration	High sensitivity of vibrations sensor. Vibration sensor is loose.	Remove sensitivity from sensor. Turn sensitivity knob towards LESS side, one division of the scale. Set the vibration sensor properly.
1st stage Pressure high	High inlet pressure Suction valve in 2nd stage is broken.	Verify inlet pressure within normal values (8 bar). Call Technical Service.

<u>FAILURE</u>	<u>POSSIBLE CAUSE</u>	<u>SOLUTION</u>
2nd stage Pressure high	High inlet pressure. Suction valve in 3rd stage is broken.	Verify inlet pressure within normal values (8 bar). Call Technical Service.
Gas temperatura high	Outlet fuse Y4 (Terminal B2) may be broken. Fan does not work. Contacts of contactor are broken. Fan does not work. Inter-stage radiators are dirty.	Change fuse. Call Technical Service. Clean radiators externally with a hydraulic pressure washer
Fan motor overload	Failure of motor guard (red button on). Short circuit in motor	Verify phases and stretching differences among phases. Press BLACK button (START) in motor guard. High electric current(verify) Verify continuity among motor coils and earth.
Main motor overload	Inverter failure	See soft start manual and proceed accordingly
<i>Display indicates compression but it does not increase inter stage pressures</i>	Y3 Outlet fuse (Terminal B2) may be broken. The coil of three-way depressurization (Skinner) valve is burnt (short circuit) Three-way valve does not work properly (it does not move the actuator)	Change fuse Call Technical Service. Call Technical Service.

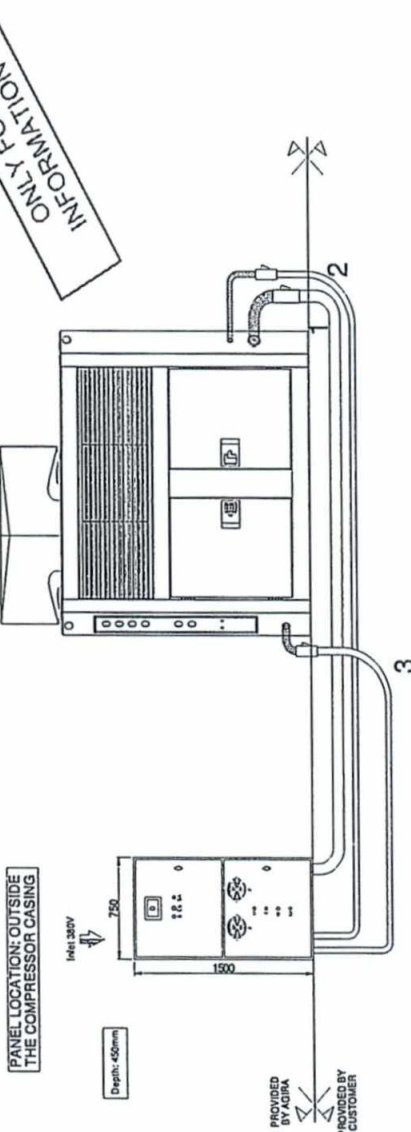
8- DRAWINGS:

8.1- Connections.



8.3- Compressor Electrical wiring

DETAILS OF THE ELECTRICAL WIRING OF COMPRESSOR
REMOTE COMMAND PANEL



FEATURES OF COMPRESSOR FEED WIRING WITH INVERTER

COMPRESSOR	WIRES	PIPELINES	CANERIAS
1- Main Electric Motor	3 x 70mm	1- To engine motor	Galvanized iron Ø.3"
Hearth	1 x 35mm		
Termistor Electric Motor	4 x 1.5mm + T		
2- Cooling Fan	1 de 4 x 4 mm TPR	2- To Fans and valves	Galvanized iron Ø.1"
Valves	1 de 8 x 1.5mm TPR		
3- Intrinsic Safety			
Wire with Mesh Protection	4 x 12 x 1mm Mesh (Shielded for Pressure and Temperatures Transducer)	3- To Control Panel	Galvanized iron Ø.1 1/2"

NOTE:
(VERIFY DISTANCE FROM COMPRESSOR TO PANEL.
THE GREATER THE DISTANCE, THE GREATER THE WIRE DIAMETER).

WIRING DIAMETER TO ELECTRIC
MOTOR FRAME 280 / 150 Kw
AND WIRING EARTH

"A"	"B"
440V x 60Hz	4 POLOS
WIRING x 3	RPM=120x60Hz/4
MM2	EARTH
70	MM2
110	35

Eliminar rebabas y ángulos vivos

DESCRIPTION	ELECTRICAL WIRING	AGIRA S.A.
SET	AGIRA INVERTER COMPRESSOR TP 150	AGIRA S.A.
MATERIAL	N/A	AGIRA S.A.
DRAWING	14 EB12	1:20
CHECK	14 EB12	8-0910 A
APPROVED	14 EB12	0

Description of CNG Systems to be installed to reduce the risk of Fires or Explosions:

CNG Storage System

1. The cascade having horizontal cylinder and site of parallel to other cascade, cylinder fittings would be arranged so that they do not face cylinder fittings of other cascade.
2. Cylinder installed horizontally in a cascade will be separated from another cylinder in the cascade by a distance of not less than 30mm.
3. Cascade with horizontal cylinders will have the valves fitted on the same side within the cascade opposite to the refuelling point and arranged in a manner that any gas leakage is discharged upwards.
4. Cascade units will be installed on a firm, compacted, well-drained non-combustible foundation. This foundation may be in the form of a plinth with the raised edge at 2M from the front and sides of the cascade forming a kerb up to which vehicles should be permitted. The cascade will be securely anchored to prevent floating in case flooding is anticipated.
5. Gas storage facility will be protected from the effects of the weather by a roof or canopy designed to facilitate the dispersion of free escaped gas and shall not permit gas to be trapped.
6. Adequate means will be provided to prevent the flow or accumulation of flammable or combustible liquids under containers such as by grading, pads or diversion curbs.

Cylinders

1. The cylinders and their fittings for CNG use will be designed, manufactured, tested including hydrostatic stretch test at a pressure in full conformity
2. These cylinders will be permanently and clearly marked for "CNG only" and also labelled "CNG only" in letter at least 25mm high in contrasting colour in a location which shall be visible after installation.
3. The cylinder will be fabricated from steel.
4. Cylinders shall be painted white to reduce solar heating effect and protect it from atmospheric corrosion.

Compressor Station

1. Compressor will be designed for use in CNG service and for the pressures and temperature to which it may be subjected under normal operating conditions conforming to API 618/API 813 or equivalent standard.

Safety and Interlocks in Compressor System

Compressor will be fitted with the following minimum devices:

1. Pressure relief valves on inlet and all stages to prevent pressure build up above the predetermined set point.
2. High discharge temperature shut down.
3. High cooling water temperature switch fitted to cooling water return line to shut the compressor in the event of a fault.
4. Low lube oil pressure shut down

5. Low cooling water flow switch fitted to the cooling water return line to shut the compressor in the event of fault.
6. A remote isolation switch for emergency shut down to be provided with manual reset at control panel.

Compressor will be provided atleast the following clear and permanent markings readily accessible and easy to read in the installed position.

1. Manufacturer's name
2. Model
3. Serial No./month & year of manufacture
4. Certificate of approval no.
5. Rated capacity (cubic meter per hour)
6. Operating speed (RPM)
7. Required driving power (in KW)
8. Maximum & minimum supply pressures
9. Maximum outlet pressure
10. Certification for Natural Gas use

- A compressor and it's all fittings shall be tested for compliance of relevant standard suitable for CNG use by a competent person/agency prior to installation.

Dispensing Unit

1. Dispensers will be installed on a suitable foundation observing the minimum safety distances.
2. Dispensing unit will be protected against possible damage by vehicular movement.
3. The flexible hoses fitted on the dispenser will mechanically and electrically continuous.
4. The design, materials and construction of hoses will be suitable for CNG and will withstand not less than four times the maximum working pressure of the system.

Piping

1. All rigid piping, tubing, fittings, and other piping components will conform to the recommendations of ANSI B 31.3.
2. All the elements of piping would be designed for the full range of pressures, temperatures and loading to which they may be subjected with a factor of safety of at least 4 based on the minimum specified tensile strength at 20 deg. C.
3. Gaskets, packing and any other materials used will be compatible with natural gas and its service conditions.
4. All the piping and tubing will have minimum turns with adequate provision for expansion, contraction, jarring, vibration and settling.
5. Exterior piping may be either buried with suitable corrosion protection or installed 30cm above the ground level with supports and protection against mechanical and corrosive damage.
6. Rigid pipelines will have welded joints between their respective components.
7. All the piping and tubing will withstand a pressure equal to that of safety relief device and tested accordingly after assembly.

Valves

A minimum of four shut off valves will be fitted between the gas storage unit and vehicle refuelling filling nozzle as explained below:

1. Each CNG storage unit to have quick action isolation valve in the steel supply pipe immediately adjacent to such storage unit to enable isolation of individual storage unit.
2. These valves will be within fencing of storage unit.
3. Master shut off valve with locking arrangement in close position, will be installed in steel outlet pipe outside but immediately adjacent to the gas storage unit to isolate all downstream equipment from the gas storage unit. This valve shall be outside the fencing.
4. A quick action emergency and isolation shut off valve will be installed near dispensing unit with easy approach and to remain closed when refuelling is not being done.

All these valves and other elements of piping will be suitable for the full range of pressure and temperature to which they may be subjected. These valves will have permanent marking for service rating etc.

FIRE PROTECTION

The CNG dispensing station will provide the following fire fighting facilities at different locations.

Location :	Type of Extinguishers
Dispensing Unit :	1 x 10kg. DCP
Compressor(online) :	1 x 10kg. DCP
(Mother station) :	1 x 75kg DCP
CNG Storage :	1 x 10kg. DCP
Cascade refueling area :	1 x 10kg. DCP
MCC/Electrical installation :	1 x 4.5 kg CO2

**NGC COMPRESSED
NATURAL GAS (CNG)
FILLING STATIONS
EMERGENCY ACTION
PLAN GUIDE**

OBJECTIVES

The safeguarding of lives, the environment and property is always a priority at NGC.

It is important to therefore understand the characteristics of Natural Gas and Natural Gas Vehicles (NGV), in order to manage emergency situations. While no one can predict the nature of NGV emergencies, the information contained within this Emergency Action Plan Guide, should:

- Provide safety specific guidelines for natural gas emergencies
- provide essential information necessary to make informed decisions at the scene of the NGV emergency

CNG HAZARDS TO PERSONNEL

A leak from the high pressure side of a CNG fuel system could produce a high velocity cold gas jet. As the jet travels, the concentration of the gas drops as it mixes with ambient air.

A release could cause injury from flying debris, the high jet momentum, or exposure to the extremely cold gas near the release point.

The high velocity jet can create high intensity noise, thereby, alerting emergency response personnel to a gas leak problem and/or its location.

If the gas jet comes into contact with a spark, a jet fire or (torch fire) at very high temperatures can cause serious burns and structural damage.

Remember that the gas to air mixture has to be within the 5%-15% range for ignition to take place.

PROBABLE CNG EMERGENCIES

- Gas leakage in CNG Equipment/Pipeline/Vehicles due to safety disc rupture at CNG station.
- Fire due to gas leak
- Short circuit in CNG vehicle
- Hose pulling / Hose Snaking
- Failure of joints of tubings/ nozzles/ break away coupling/ bursting of dispensing hose
- Overturning of LVC – mobile cascade on road

POSSIBLE HAZARDS

JET FIRE OR FLASH FIRE DUE TO:

- Leakage through any valve, equipment (such as metering skids, filter, etc), small bore connection or flange/gasket/joint (such as insulation joint) in the over ground sections at the source, dispatch and/or fill stations.
- Leakage from pipeline section piping in either the underground or over ground section.
- Sudden opening of safety valve in the over ground section
- Escape of gas during maintenance/repairs carried out and/or gas venting at the stations.

LEVELS OF EMERGENCY RESPONSE FOR CNG FILLING STATIONS

Level 1: This is an emergency or an incident which can be effectively and safely managed and contained within the site, location or installation by the available resources and has no impact outside the site, location or installation.

Level 2: This is an emergency or an accident which cannot be effectively and safely managed or contained at the location or installation by available resources and additional support is alerted or required; and is having or has the potential to have an effect beyond the site, location or installation and where external support of mutual aid partner (TTEMAS) may be involved, and is likely to be danger to life, the environment or to industrial assets or reputation.

Level 3: This is an emergency, incident with off-site impact which could be catastrophic and is likely to affect the population, property and environment inside and outside the installation, and management and control is done by district administration and where once again, external support of mutual aid partner (TTEMAS) may be involved, and is likely to be danger to life, the environment or to industrial assets or reputation.

Level 1: Level 1 Emergency may include the following Scenarios at CNG station Sites:

- Gas Leakage in CNG Equipment / Pipeline / Vehicles due to Safety Disc Rupture at CNG Station
- Minor Fire due Gas Leak
- Short Circuit in CNG vehicle or any Station Equipment
- Hose pulling / Hose Snaking
- Failure of Joints of Tubings / Nozzles / Break away Coupling / Bursting of Dispensing Hose
- Minor Gas Leak in MDPE Line

- Failures from MDPE Line or Steel Line Fittings
- Minor First Aid Injuries to Workers or Employees

Level 2: Level 2 Emergency may include the following Scenarios at CNG station Sites:

- Safety Disc Rupture in a Bus at CNG station and Caught Fire.
- Gas Leakage due to Station Tubing Joint /Ferrule Failure and subsequently caught fire engulfing CNG Vehicles came of refilling at CNG Station.
- Failure of Steel Pipeline due to Third Party Damage and subsequent Fire.
- Fire in Customer premises.
- Gas Leak and Fire due to the LCV Accident on Road

Level 3: Level 3 Emergency may include the following Scenarios at CNG stations Sites:

- Ethyl Mercaptan Leakage & Spillage at the time of Handling, Unloading / Dosing.
- Main Pipeline Failure
- Natural Calamities like Floods, Earthquake.
- Sabotage and Arson during riots
- Aerial Attack
- Terrorist Attack
- Rupture of CNG Cylinders of Onboard Vehicle Cylinders, Mobile Cascade Cylinder, Stationary Cascade Cylinders leading multiple casualties.

EMERGENCY RESPONSE GUIDELINES

- A. Emergency response personnel are required to wear full structural fire-fighting clothing as well as SCBA
- B. Deploy a charged hose or hand line when approaching the NGV emergency
- C. Avoid cutting into or around fuel lines or tank storage areas of the NGV
- D. Isolate the fuel by turning the manual shut-off valve or remote location emergency shutdown valve.

CNG EMERGENCY RESPONSE

- 1) Isolate potential sources of ignition from coming into contact with the fuel leak
- 2) Turn off the gas at the source
- 3) If the vapour plume is on fire, protect surrounding exposures and allow the gas to burn off
- 4) Use foam and/or water to extinguish an interior vehicle fire
- 5) If gas vents from the pressure release device, allow the gas to burn itself out
- 6) Protect exposures with water and/or foam

- 7) CNG is almost always odorized, one should be able to detect a leak before the gas reaches its flammable limits

PIPELINE "EMERGENCY SHUT DOWN" OR ESD

- ***Total ESD of pipeline system*** (shutdown of the entire pipeline system- initiated in case of major accident in areas/places/locations along the pipeline.
- ***Localized ESD of Pipeline System*** (shut down of limited facilities along the pipeline- initiated when the cause of ESD is limited to a small area in the pipeline.
- ***CNG Station ESD*** (shut down of individual CNG station)

EARTHQUAKE AND OTHER NATURAL CALAMITIES

Area Control Room Technician to isolate local isolation valve to stop gas supply to affected area.

DESIGNATED ASSEMBLY POINTS

- ✓ earmarked safe areas at each facility for emergency mustering
- ✓ roll calls taken there
- ✓ during drills, pre-drill and post drill sessions held at assembly points
- ✓ upwind of hazard

CNG Do's & Dont's at CNG Filling Station

- Switch-off the mobiles when entering CNG station
- Ensure validity of CNG Cylinder while refuelling CNG
- Keep watching the customers and passengers to ensure they do not use mobile phones near dispenser areas and request all passengers to stay away from dispenser areas
- Ensure no start of vehicles during gas leakage due to failure of equipment
- Ensure entry of authorized persons only within the station
- Use proper PPE while moving around the compressor/high pressure area
- Keep away from the hot surfaces while inspecting the compressor
- Keep away from the live parts of electrical installations
- Ensure placement of fire extinguishers at safe distance and easily accessible place in case of an emergency
- In case of any emergency condition, follow the emergency response plan displayed at CNG stations

EMERGENCY RESPONSE PLAN FOR NPMC ORANGE GROVE STATION

Facility Information

This is the Emergency Response Plan for NPMC Orange Grove Service station. This is an important document that describes the actions taken to respond to a hazardous materials incident, such as a fire or chemical spill. All persons at this facility are required to be appropriately trained on this plan. Training must be adequately documented. Additionally, this plan must be kept up-to-date.

Description of Hazardous Materials Use/Process:

On site there are six (6) service pumps to supply diesel, super gasoline and premium gasoline, two of these units are combo units to supply all three liquid products as well as CNG.

Gasoline is used to fuel vehicles and gas-powered equipment.

There are three (3) underground storage tanks that contain Super Gasoline, Premium Gasoline and Diesel each of which can store a capacity of 15000USG. There is also a LPG cage with a capacity to accommodate ninety (90) storage tanks (20lbs capacity each).

Reporting and Notification

On-Site Notification –

Manager- This person has the authority to make decisions regarding classification of the release and to determine the appropriate response.

He/She is responsible and has the authority to take appropriate actions to respond to any hazardous material incident.

The following numbers should be called in the event of any emergency:

Arima District Health Facility
Queen Mary Avenue, Arima - (868)-667-4714

Police Service	-	999
Fire	-	990
Ambulance	-	811
ODPM	-	(868)-640-1285

GENERAL EVACUATION PROCEDURES

In many emergency situations, evacuation will be necessary; the general evacuation procedures are as follows:

1. Building occupants will be notified of the evacuation by the sound of the fire alarm, by verbal instruction from building emergency staff, or by self-evident hazardous conditions.
2. All staff, customers and visitors must leave immediately if the fire alarm is activated, or if directed to do so by staff.
3. Service station staff will guide and assist the evacuation to the extent possible.
4. All occupants should exit the premises through the nearest safe exit.
5. If the nearest exit is obstructed by smoke, fire or other hazards, proceed to an alternate exit.
6. Once outdoors all occupants should move to the Orange Grove Service Station's evacuation **assembly area/muster points**.
7. Service Station staff will also inform arriving emergency personnel of information about the emergency in the building, including location of hazards and any problems known.
8. Occupants should not re-enter the station until cleared by emergency personnel.

FIRE EMERGENCY PROCEDURES IF YOU DISCOVER A FIRE OR SMOKE

1. Remove anyone from immediate danger.
2. Confine the fire by closing doors as you leave the area. Activate the closest fire alarm to alert building occupants.
3. Attempt to put the fire out with a portable fire extinguisher **ONLY** when: You have been properly trained.
4. **Evacuate to the nearest exit.** Do not block/wedge exit doors in an open position. The doors must remain closed to keep smoke out and keep safe for evacuation and fire personnel.
5. Call the Fire Department at **990**.
6. **Go to the Evacuation Assembly Point.**

IF YOU HEAR A FIRE ALARM

1. Never assume the fire alarm is a false alarm.
2. Move to the safest exit.
3. Close doors as you leave the area.
4. Exit the building.
5. Proceed to the designated muster points.
6. Wait for further instructions from Fire Department.

Fire Alarm Note: When the fire alarm is activated in this building, the sound will be a loud buzzing sound.

PROCEDURES IN THE EVENT OF A CHEMICAL SPILL

Employees are trained to clean up small spills of some hazardous materials.

Mitigation (response, cleanup, recovery)

A. List of Emergency Response Equipment

- ☒ **Phone**
- ☒ **Fire Extinguisher**
- ☒ **Absorbent (Sand Bins)**
- ☒ **Spill Kits**
- ☒ **Emergency Shut down Points**
- ☒ **Pull Station**

B. Cleanup Procedures

- ☒ **Absorption, for gasoline.**

GASOLINE CLEANUP: Evacuate non-essential personnel and remove or secure all ignition sources. Consider wind direction; stay upwind and uphill, if possible. Evaluate the direction of product travel, etc., to confine spill areas. Spills may infiltrate subsurface soil and groundwater; professional assistance may be necessary to determine the extent of subsurface impact.

Carefully contain and stop the source of the spill, if safe to do so. Protect bodies of water by absorbents i.e. Sand Bins and/ Spill Kits, if possible. Do not flush down sewer or drainage systems. The use of fire-fighting foam may be useful in certain situations to reduce vapors. Take up with sand or other absorbing materials. Carefully shovel, scoop or sweep up into a waste container for reclamation or disposal—**caution**, flammable vapors may accumulate in closed containers. Hazardous waste from spills should be disposed under the guidance of the HSE.



Ramco Industries Ltd

Trincity Plaza Project

Emergency Response Plan

2014

Trincity Plaza Project Emergency Response Plan

February

2014

RAMCO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

TRINCITY:

SOUTH: 65-RAMCO, 657-2626, 8713

652-2997, 5738, 5740, 3046. FAX: 652-9377

643-4880



PROJECT MANAGER: _____ DATE: _____

GENERAL MANAGER: _____ DATE: _____

Table of Contents

Policy & Purpose	4
This Emergency Response Plan Is Applicable To The Following:	4
Key Priorities.....	4
Organization For Emergencies	5
Emergency Response Guidelines for None Working Days and Public Holidays:	6
Crisis Management Team Emergency Organization Chart	7
Emergency Response Procedures - General Evacuation	8
Roles And Responsibilities Of Key Personnel	10
Training.....	17
Neighbours	18
Security Guard on Duty	19
Medical Services	20
Procedures for Earthquakes.....	21
Emergency Telephone Number	22
Government Agencies Telephone Numbers	23
GENERAL FACILITY PLAN	24

Policy & Purpose

Policy

In the event of an emergency, we will be prepared to protect the health & safety of all. This plan was established to systematically combat emergencies and all employees, contractors and visitors are expected to know and follow procedures outlined in this plan.

Purpose

The purpose of the Emergency Response Plan is to minimize the danger to life and property in the event of an emergency. To achieve this goal, we have outlined well-defined, simple steps to be taken should an emergency occur.

For the purpose of this plan, emergency procedures shall be implemented for:

Fires,

Explosions,

Bomb threats,

Hazardous material spills

Natural disasters:

- a. Floods;
- b. Earthquakes;
- c. Hurricanes and Tropical Storms.

These may require immediate emergency action and / or evacuation of the facilities. There shall be a minimum of at least one fire drill every four months, totaling three per year.

This Emergency Response Plan Is Applicable To The Following:

1. All R.I.L employees (both permanent and temporary) working at R.I.L's Trincity facility at Reserve Drive Trincity Industrial Estate;
2. All contractors working or visiting R.I.L's Trincity facility at Reserve Drive; and
3. All visitors to the R.I.L main facility at Reserve Drive.

Key Priorities

The key priorities in any emergency response are to:

1. Protect the safety and health of all persons involved or affected;
2. Minimize the impact on the environment;
3. Minimize the impact on property and assets;
4. Protect continuity of operations;
5. Protect current and future business opportunities; and
6. Maintain and where possible, improve the image and reputation of Ramco Industries Ltd.

Organization For Emergencies

In a potential or real emergency situation, any member of staff or contractor on the scene or near the incident site should first do what is indicated by the circumstances, e.g.:

- Sound the klaxon/horn and/or raise a verbal alarm to immediately alert personnel;
- Contractor employees involved will shut off all cutting set,, turn off all equipment and engines before evacuating, providing worker safety is not jeopardized by doing so.
- Where equipment could not be switch off, the fire department or other responding emergency agency will be notified of the presence and location of this hazard upon their arrival.
- If fire is small (waste bucket size), use the nearest portable fire extinguisher;
- If the fire is large, close all office doors to area to prevent the fire from spreading;
- Assist as directed by the respective Manager / Supervisor; and
- Evacuate the compound.

The **Security Department** will immediately implement the Emergency Response System (E.R.S), i.e.:

1. Contact the **Project Manager, General Manager, H.S.E Officer/Assistant, and the Chief Security Officer;**
2. Keep the main exit gate open and unobstructed by unnecessary persons or vehicles throughout evacuation procedures

As an incident escalates, it may become necessary to activate the Trincity Plaza Project **Crisis Management Team** to manage the emergency response.

The **Crisis Management Team** comprises the members of the Project Department and other personnel as follows:

1. **Incident Manager (I.M) –**
 - Micheal Ramsook – Project Manager;
 - Lochan Samsundar – General Manager (Alternate);
2. **Incident Commander (I.C) –**
 - Keith Stephen – HSE Assistant;
 - Damian Dube – Clerk of Works (Alternate);
 - Roger Ramlagan – HSE Officer (Alternate);
3. **Administration / Personnel Manager (A/M.P) –**
 - Administrative Assistant
4. **Property Manager (P.M) –**
 - Damian Dube – Clerk of Works;

5. **Security Coordinator (S.C) –**

- Estate Constable on duty.

6. **Emergency Warden (E.W)/ first Responders (F.R) –**

- Contractor Safety Representatives

On the sounding of the alarm, the **I.M** and the **A/M.P** will proceed to the Emergency Operations Centre which could be any suitable area based on the emergency such as the Conference Room, Muster Point, etc. unless otherwise advised by the **I.M**.

The **I.C** will report to the incident scene for an initial assessment, assisted by the Contractor Supervisor/Foremen/Safety Representative or one of the security officers, and will coordinate the assembly and head count of evacuated personnel at the Muster point.

The **S.C** will proceed to the Main Gate to manage access controls for Emergency Response vehicles and personnel, unless directed otherwise by the **I.C**.

The **I.M** and **I.C** will decide whether the situation requires mobilization of the entire Crisis Management Team and will coordinate all aspects of the emergency response including safety of personnel, evacuation of persons, fire fighting, request for First Aid/Ambulance service, safety of property and equipment, time permitting.

Command shall be established by the **I.M**. In the absence of the Project Manager, either the General Manager, or the Clerk of Works, will have the power to act in all emergency matters regarding the commitment and use of personnel, equipment, and in calling for assistance from outside as needed.

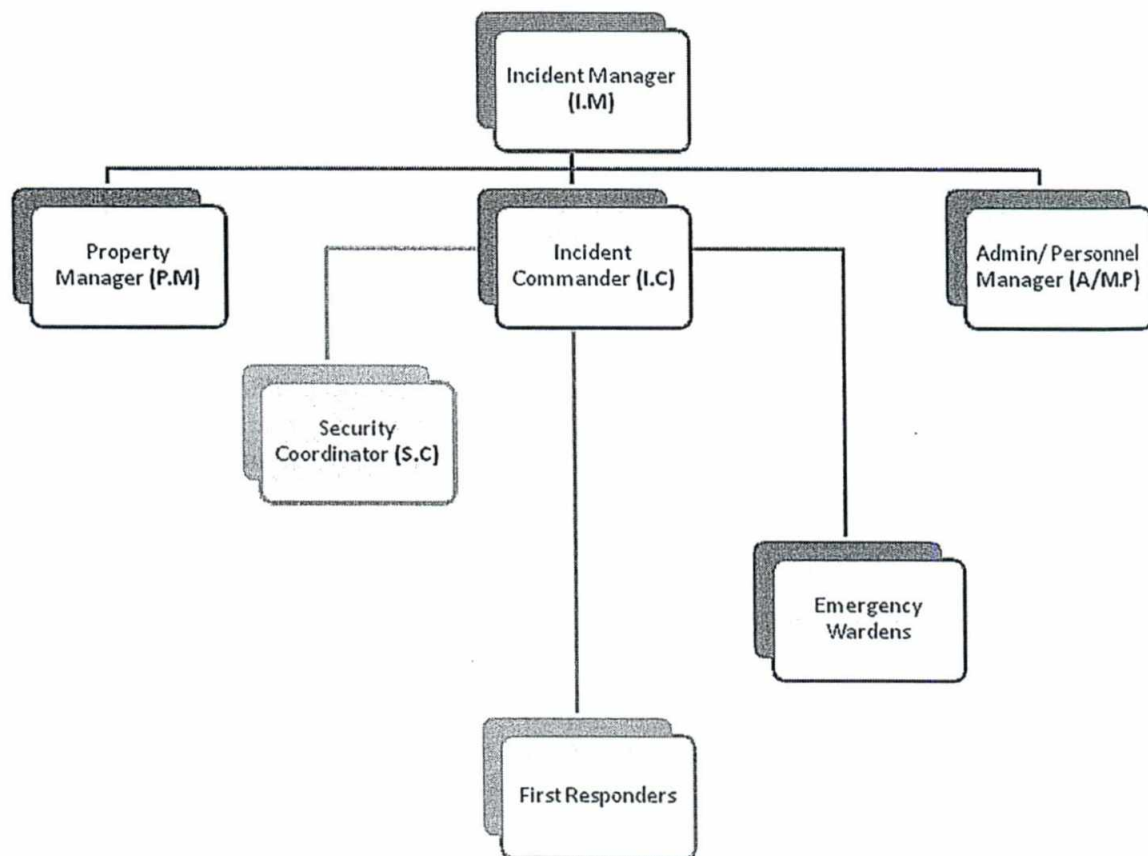
During normal working hours the **I.C** or designate will assume responsibility for managing all aspects of the emergency response.

After normal working hours and public holidays, the Estate Constable on duty will assume responsibility for managing all aspects of the emergency response.

Emergency Response Guidelines for None Working Days and Public Holidays:

- Ensure that the building is evacuated and that all occupants including visitors have been accounted for;
- Notify senior management;
- Undertake First Responder emergency action if possible;
- Request assistance from emergency responders such as Trinidad & Tobago Fire Services, Emergency Health Services, Trinidad & Tobago Police Service, Office of Disaster Preparedness and Management (ODPM),
- Prepare to facilitate the Fire Service and any other responding agencies.

Crisis Management Team Emergency Organization Chart



Emergency Response Procedures - General Evacuation

On the Ramco Trincity Plaza Project, civil works are the scope of works being conducted at this time and as such Ramco Industries has prepared an emergency evacuation for just one area.

Once the klaxon/horn is sounded or an evacuation has been ordered, the Crisis Management Team immediately initiates this Emergency Response Plan and any associated policies and procedures.

1. Crisis Management Team members escort all their personnel to the designated assembly areas in an orderly fashion:
 - Ground evacuation procedures are as follows :- One muster point has been established outside the main gate which is situated obliquely opposite the construction site. This muster point is clearly marked by a green and white "Muster Point" sign attached to a utility pole. At the sound of a klaxon/horn all workers will down all tools and proceed to the main gate in an orderly fashion. The security guard stationed at the main gate will stop all traffic and direct the workers to proceed to the muster point located across the road. There all relevant safety representatives will do a head count to account for every worker.
2. Crisis Management Team members make a visual sweep of their respective areas for missing personnel, exit the compound and proceed to the designated Muster Point for a head count;
3. A head count is taken and verified. Any missing persons are immediately reported to the I.M and or I.C;
4. Injured persons are attended to until emergency personnel arrive;
5. At the end of the evacuation, Crisis Management Team members to escort employees into the compound upon receiving authorization from emergency personnel.

Bomb Threat Procedure

1. As outlined in R.I.L's Bomb Threat Procedure (EMGY.004.01).

Fire Procedure

1. As outlined in R.I.L's Fire Response Procedure (EMGY.006.01); and
2. As outlined in R.I.L's Fire Drill Procedure (EMGY.006.02).

First Aid Procedure

1. As outlined in R.I.L's Wounds & Bleeding Procedure (EMGY.002.01);
2. As outlined in R.I.L's Fractures Procedure (EMGY.002.02);

3. As outlined in R.I.L's Muscles & Joints Procedure (EMGY.002.03);
4. As outlined in R.I.L's Burns & Scalds Procedure (EMGY.002.04);
5. As outlined in R.I.L's Effect of Extreme Cold Procedure (EMGY.002.05);
6. As outlined in R.I.L's Blood Borne Pathogens Procedure (EMGY.002.06); and
7. As outlined in R.I.L's Training Procedure (EMGY.002.07).

Gas Leak and Emission Procedure

1. As outlined in R.I.L's Gas Leak and Emission Procedure (OPRN.003.03).

Natural Disasters Procedure

1. As outlined in R.I.L's Earthquake Procedure (EMGY.007.01);
2. As outlined in R.I.L's Hurricanes & Tropical Storms Procedure (EMGY.007.02); and
3. As outlined in R.I.L's Flood Procedure (EMGY.007.03).

Roles And Responsibilities Of Key Personnel

Incident Manager (or Alternate)

The Crisis Management Team is headed by the Project Manager and/or the General Manager.

Emergency duties

- Reporting to the Emergency Operations Centre;
- Receiving briefs from the stand-in Incident Manager;
- Assuming and announcing overall command;
- Confirming the nature of the emergency;
- Activating the Emergency Operations Centre as necessary;
- Managing response activities to ensure effective performance of all parties;
- Confirming the welfare of staff (including those, who require initial first aid treatment and any further necessary medical care for the injured);
- Directing activities to properly protect human life and the environment, and to keep the situation from escalating;
 - ~ Activities include evacuation, search and rescue, first responder fire fighting, safety of personnel and equipment, request for first aid
- Ensuring timely liaison with and involvement of other occupiers, required personnel, clients and governmental authorities;
- Managing media/press and public relations; and
- Determining when to stand down the emergency and sounding of the "All Clear".

Post-Emergency duties

- Arranging debriefing, post emergency survey; post emergency investigations, completion of required reports, post mortem critique.

Incident Commander (or Alternate)

Incident Commander – H.S.E Assistant, Clerk of Works (Alternate) and HSE Officer (Alternate).

The Incident Commander assumes “on scene command” for the direct response of the incident and will routinely keep the Incident Commander informed of actions taken and the various responses.

Pre -Emergency duties

- Ensuring a current Emergency Response Plan Manual;
- Developing the plan to include emergency procedures, evacuation routes, and emergency personnel roster;
- Ensuring the availability of all fire and emergency equipment is in a state of readiness at all times;
- Providing employees with detailed information regarding the Emergency Response Plan;
- Ensuring training activities for adequate performance of duties during an emergency;
- Ensuring knowledge and location of Assembly Points, emergency exits and related routes used for evacuation process;
- Ensuring identification and location of any physically challenged person(s) who will require special assistance during emergencies;
- Liaising with and involvement of upper management, contractors and external organizations as necessary;
- Maintaining plan current with changes in facilities, emergency wardens and personnel. (Plan is to be reviewed whenever changes occur, after any major incident and certainly at least annually);
- Ensuring that management is provided with current copies of this Plan;
- Following up on the appointing of emergency wardens;

- Ensuring availability of emergency response equipment and supplies;
- Conducting hazard identification/risk assessments to ensure appropriate control measures; and
- Answering any questions regarding this plan or providing further information or explanation of individual duties under the plan;

Emergency duties

- Undertaking initial assessment;
- Directing emergency activities;
- Determining required response actions;
- Arranging for any medical treatment for the injured as necessary;
- Providing for assistance to disabled or impaired employees;
- Ensuring that the Contractor Safety Representative takes a head-count of their employees in event of evacuation, which is then reporting to the Incident Manager;
- Alerting the Incident Manager of the occurrence;
- Keeping the Crisis Management Team informed of developments, actions taken, number of persons involved, estimate of casualties, type of assistance needed, etc; and
- Implementing strategies of the Incident Manager.

Administration/ Personnel Manager (or Alternate)

Administration/ Personnel Manager – Administrative Assistant/ Alternate:

On receiving alert the Administration/ Personnel Manager or designate, will assemble with the Crisis Management Team at the Assembly point.

Emergency duties

- Receiving briefs from Incident Manager and Incident Commander to confirm nature of the emergency and description of actions to be taken;
- Initiating roll-call and head count. Recording and advising security of count and any missing or employees unaccounted for;
- Assisting in recalling employees;
- Initiating appropriate family notifications and support as needed;
- Ensuring further treatment for any injured;
- Preparing press release and obtain prior approval for their release;
- Handling requests for interviews, information from the Incident Manager;
- Briefing executive and senior management as necessary;
- Establishing and maintaining current contact of media representatives; and
- Participating in post emergency debriefing session.

Property Manager (or Alternate)

Property Manager – Clerk of Works.

On receiving the alert the Property Manager will assemble in the Emergency Operations Centre.

Emergency duties

- Receiving briefs from the Incident Manager and Incident Commander to confirm nature of the emergency and description of actions to be taken;
- Providing any additional resources, personnel, supplies or equipment requested;
- Appointing a Staging Coordinator to receive external responding resources, such as fire appliances, ambulances, etcetera;
- Obtaining specialized equipment or expertise as requested by Incident Commander;
- Securing any needed fixed or portable equipment / facilities;
- Supervising assigned personnel; and
- Participating in post emergency debriefing session.

Security Coordinator

The Security Coordinator – Estate Constable on duty.

Emergency duties

- Ensuring effective Gate Control, Foot and Perimeter Patrols;
- Ensuring lock down of the compound and does not allow unauthorized entry personnel or vehicles;
- Ensuring that only authorized persons are allowed to enter the compound;
- Ensuring the maintenance of an "After Hours Visitors" Log;
- Exercising full control on the movement and parking of vehicles, keeping all access to the compound free; and
- Alerting the security provider off site base, requesting back up of security officers as necessary;

Emergency Wardens

Emergency Wardens – Contractor Safety Representatives

Pre-Emergency duties

- Maintaining a current listing of Internal and External Emergency Numbers;
- Supervising the evacuation process during training and drills for emergency situations;
- Liaising with the members of the Crisis Management Team, regarding any personnel changes, training or equipment needs, and acts as a safety and security representative in finding and reporting any dangerous condition on the compound;

Emergency duties

- Preparing the compound for action upon receipt of alert from the I.M, I.C or the klaxon/horn;
- Advising personnel on the nature of the emergency;
- Supervising evacuation activities, including evacuation of visitors to ensure effective performance;
- Ensuring that staff and visitors leave the compound promptly, proceeding to the designated Muster point, when an emergency alarms sounds. If necessary, the Emergency Warden helps physically challenged personnel;
- Closing all doors after rooms are checked;
- Holding exit doors open. Cautioning personnel regarding control of personnel items and to remain quiet; and
- Directing personnel to the pre-designated Muster point situated obliquely opposite the construction site and coordinating the Head Count at the Muster Point.

First Responders

First Responders – Selected employees trained in fire extinguisher use and first aid.

Pre-Emergency duties

- Maintaining a current listing of Internal and External Emergency Numbers;
- Attends all first aid and fire fighting training courses organized by the contractor;
- Maintain well stocked first aid kits on site sufficient for the number of persons on site.

Emergency duties

- Administers first aid as required and within their capabilities, when the need arises.

Employee/Contractors

All employees on site have the following responsibilities during an emergency:

- Reporting immediately all emergencies to their Manager/Supervisor/Safety Representative;
- Rendering assistance based on level of training, knowledge;
- Once the emergency klaxon/horn is sounded, stopping all work, ensuring machinery / equipment is switched off or made safe as far as is practicable;
- Proceeding to the designated Assembly Point for the Roll Call and stay within their respective department;
- Awaiting further instructions from Emergency Wardens.

Employees should be made aware of the emergency numbers, emergency exits on the compound and the use of the emergency devices. They should know the roles and responsibilities of the emergency wardens and first aiders.

Important :

All employees shall be aware of emergency personnel at all times and shall not obstruct or hinder the operations of emergency response in any way. Violators shall be subject to disciplinary action via the contractor, this may including dismissal from the construction site.

Note -: *The Compound should be evacuated within 3 minutes.*

Training

- The H.S.E Department will ensure that all new employees are informed of the Emergency Response Plan for Ramco Trincity Plaza Project and his/ her responsibilities under said plan, prior to commencing his/ her work assignment;
- The Main Contractor will arrange delivery of training for Emergency Wardens First Aiders in their responsibilities.
- The HSE Officer/Assistant will arrange for facility or departmental evacuation drills at least annually.

Emergency Coordinators and members of the Emergency Team shall familiarize themselves with all means of escape from the compound, and the designated assembly areas.

The Emergency Team shall be trained to attempt to control *small, incipient fires only* - those which are localized in a contained area and which are in their initial stages.

Emergency Team members are **NOT** to attempt to fight any fire which is out of control and has spread to become a large or major fire.

Emergency Crisis management team and team members shall have knowledge in the following areas:

- Fire extinguisher use;
- Location of fire extinguishers;
- Types of fires to attempt to control;
- Notification procedures;
- Shall become familiar with the location and use of Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS);
- Shall know how to control a chemical spill that does not require the use of a respirator;
- Shall be trained and familiar with notification procedures;

Neighbours

The compound is surrounded by three main organizations. AA Laquis Ltd building which is located directly opposite (West) R.I.L, adjacent to R.I.L (North West) is IAM & Company and directly on the Northern wall of RIL's facility is Pennywise Ltd, followed by NM Ghany Ltd further east and Ms. Maharaj's dwelling east of the compound.

Neighbours are advised by telephone when Fire Drills are about to be performed. The Crisis Management Team will communicate with the surrounding neighbours via telephone as per listing below. If required, base on the emergency situation, visits would be made to each neighbour by the Crisis Management Team members. The neighbors would be informed about the nature of the emergency, the level of risk and how it could impact their facilities.

The site will also be equipped with audible alarms should incase an emergency situation arises. This will be heard by neighbouring organizations and they will be instructed by our Crisis Management Team as well as the assistance of Trinidad and Tobago Fire Services and Trinidad and Tobago Police Service to initiate their emergency evacuation plan and assemble at their designated muster point areas depending on the nature of the emergency situation.

Emergency Telephone Numbers for Neighbours

NAME	PHONE NUMBER
AA Laquis Ltd	640-2482
IAM & Company Ltd	640-2251
Pennywise Ltd	640-3022 or 640-6165
NM Ghany Ltd	640-0887
Ms. Maharaj (Dwelling on the east)	717-8028

Security Guard on Duty

All security guards shall be trained in emergency procedures. The I.M and I.C shall come immediately to the compound and assist the security guards with evacuation as necessary. Security guards on duty are responsible for manning their posts at the main exit to ensure rapid, efficient flow of personnel out of the premises and efficient entry of emergency response personnel (such as the Fire Services) into the compound as needed. A security guard on duty shall be designated after the evacuation process is performed to aid in the head count with the assistance of the Daily Attendance Register ensuring that all persons on the compound and who would have taken up duties are accounted for.

Medical Services

Contractor Safety representatives will provide the main contractor Safety Representative with a list of all first aiders in their workforce, a copy of same must be submitted to the Ramco safety representative together with a copy of their first Aid Certification.

Each Contractor MUST have at their Safety Representative's disposal a properly outfitted first aid kit on site AT ALL TIMES.

In the event of a major medical emergency during normal working hours, the Trinidad & Tobago Ambulance Service shall be notified immediately.

While waiting for the Trinidad & Tobago Ambulance Service to arrive, first aid responders shall attend to all injured personnel and turn over those duties to the Trinidad & Tobago Ambulance Service on arrival.

Procedures for Earthquakes

In the event of an earthquake the following steps should be taken:

Protect your head and face from being hit by falling objects. Get under a solid structure.

Stay away from glass windows, mirrors and any heavy object.

Do not rush to exit the compound, stand in a strong doorway or structure.

If outside in the yard / building, move into the open area away from scaffoldings, heavy equipment, overhead lines, etc.

After an earthquake, take the following steps:

- Contact the Contractor Safety Representative.
- Check for fires.
- Check for injured and contact a first aid responder.

All Contractor supervisor/foremen/Safety Representatives will check their surroundings for any serious damage and immediately report them to their Emergency Coordinator or Project Manager.

In the event of evacuation, all personnel shall report to the designated assembly areas and await further instructions.

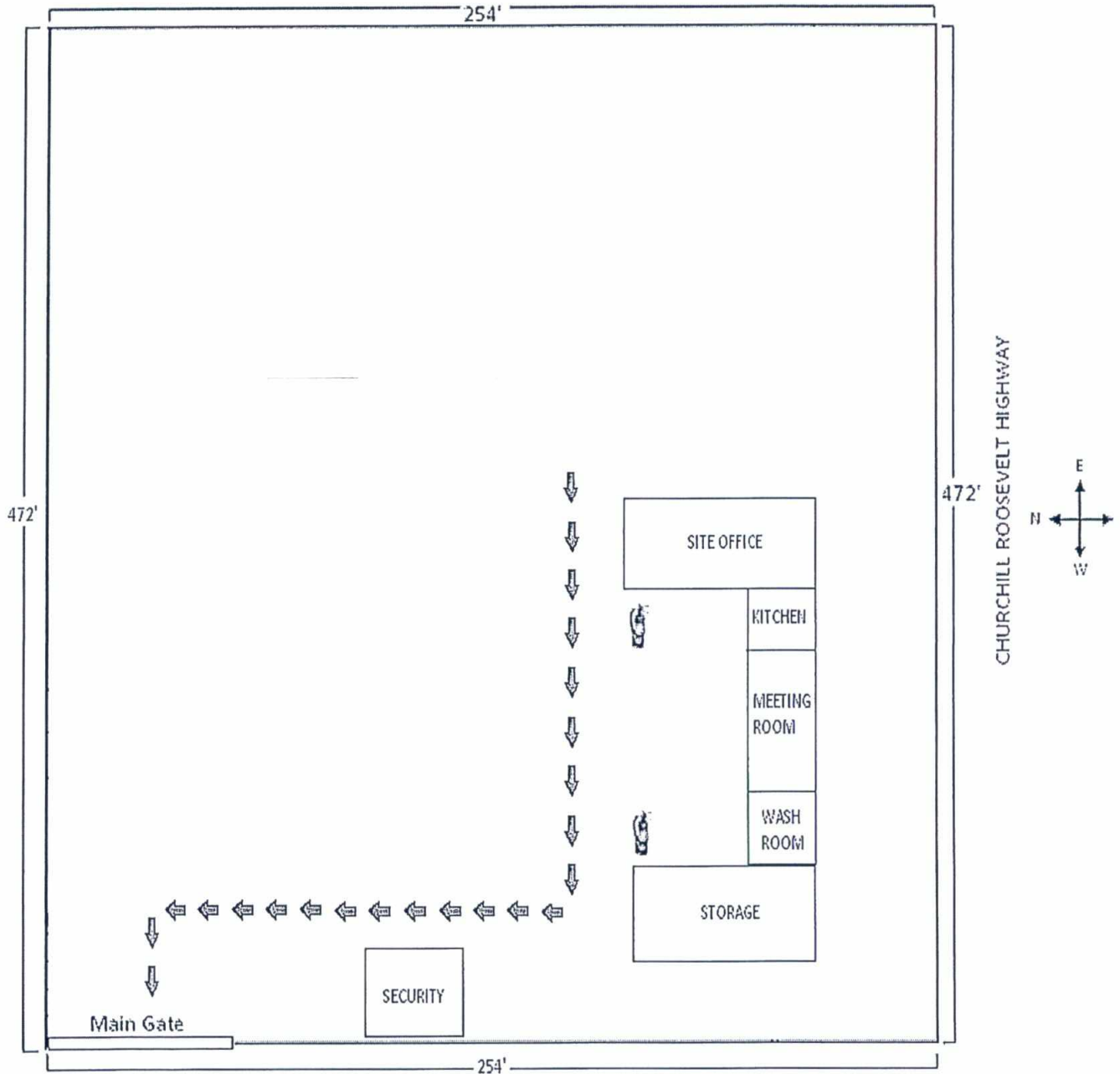
Emergency Telephone Number

EMERGENCY RESPONSE FUNCTION	NAME	SITE PHONE	HOME PHONE	CELL PHONE
Incident Manager (Alternate)	Micheal Ramsook			375-4300
	Lochan Samsundar	657-2626		373-5140
Incident Commander (Alternate) (Alternate)	Keith Stephen			
	Damian Dube			370-0097
	Roger Ramlagan	657-2626		292-7668
Admin./ Personnel Mgr				
Property Manager	Damian Dube			370-0097
Security Coordinator	Michelle Mohammed	657-2626	-----	377-1021
First Aiders				
Fire Wardens				

Government Agencies Telephone Numbers

Trinidad & Tobago Fire Services (Arima)	667-3148 / 667-3571 990
Trinidad & Tobago Ambulance Services (EHS)	623-4343 / 640-4343 990
Trinidad & Tobago Police Service (San-Fernando)	652-2561 /64 999
Mount Hope Hospital (All Departments)	645-4673 / 645-2640
Emergency Health Services	811
Environmental Management Authority	628-8042/44/45
National Emergency Management Agency (NEMA)	623-2079/ 8004
Water & Sewerage Authority (St. Joseph)	645-8573
Trinidad & Tobago Electricity Commission	643-1974
ODPM	511

GENERAL FACILITY PLAN



END



EMERGENCY SITUATIONS, HEALTH, SAFETY, SECURITY AND THE ENVIRONMENT

9.1 EMERGENCY SITUATIONS

9.1.1 Robberies at Service Stations

9.1.1.1 During A Robbery

- 9.1.1.1.1 During a robbery it is important to stay as safe as possible by staying calm, and giving the robber what he asks for. Do not try and prevent the robbery, stop or chase the robber or confront him in any way. Your primary role in the situation is to keep yourself and others as safe as possible.
- 9.1.1.1.2 As soon after the incident as possible, write down a description of the robber or robbers and everything that happened. Look for distinguishing characteristics that will assist in identifying the criminal.
- 9.1.1.1.3 As much as possible try and protect the crime scene by not touching areas that the robber might have touched.
- 9.1.1.1.4 Keep the store locked and discontinue serving customers until the police have concluded their investigation and left the premises. Do not estimate the amount of loss to the police; your Franchisee will provide the necessary information after a cash audit has been completed.
- 9.1.1.1.5 Do not talk to anyone, including regular customers, about the robber. Refer any media inquiries to Franchisee.
- 9.1.1.1.6 Perform an end of day report to determine the size of the loss.



9.2. Accidents/Injuries/Illnesses

- 9.2.1. Call the Ambulance or emergency operator and provide them with all the information they request, including:
 - i. Your store address and phone number
 - ii. Your full name
 - iii. The name(s) of any injured person(s)
- 9.2.2 Stay on the line, be patient, and give the person answering your call a chance to respond to you. If you are asked to wait, stay on the telephone and be patient.
- 9.2.3 After contacting the appropriate authorities, notify NP's Security Department immediately of any accident or injury requiring medical attention. Next, contact the Area Manager responsible for the site. Telephone numbers used for this process are:

NP Security Department: 625-1920 Ext 516/517



9.3 Incidents of Violence

9.3.1 Misconduct/Violence by an Associate

9.3.1.1 NP does not condone any form of misbehaviour or violence in the workplace. An Associate may be disciplined or terminated if he or she poses a threat of violence in the workplace. Any associate who makes an outright statement of a desire to harm others, or who makes threats or demonstrates significant problems with controlling anger, may be terminated.

9.3.1.2 Weapons are absolutely forbidden in the workplace. Any associate aware of the presence of a weapon at their workplace should contact the Police.

9.4 Misconduct by Others

To prevent injuries resulting from violence, follow these procedures:

9.4.1 Follow robbery and violence prevention procedures.

9.4.2 If you suspect a weapon, do not attempt to detain customers suspected of shoplifting.

9.4.3 Do not get into arguments or exchange insults with customers, regardless of the provocation.

9.4.4 Stay calm and remain polite.

9.4.5 If physically threatened, avoid direct physical confrontation and call the police.



9.4 Incidents of Violence (Cont'd)

Fights

If a fight occurs on Company property, NP's primary concern is for the safety of its store personnel and customers.

9.4.6 Do not become involved in the fight, either physically

or verbally.

9.4.7 Do not threaten the parties who are fighting. Such threats may increase the likelihood of your

becoming

involved.

9.4.8 Call the Police immediately. Do not wait to see if the fight stops. It is the duty of the Police to stop the fight and to provide any necessary protection.

Advise the police that there is a fight in the store, and give

them the store name, phone number and address.



9.4 *Incidents of Violence (Cont'd)*

9.4.9 Extortion Situations

Extortion is the use of physical threat to force a person to comply with the extortionist's wishes. Extortion efforts directed at NP Stores' Associates may take the following form:

If threats are received via phone calls or in person, contact the police.

If an associate receives a call such as described above, the associate should take the following action:

- 9.4.9.1 Tell the caller you will comply with his demands;
- 9.4.9.2 Call the police, inform them of the call, and request that a patrol come to the store. Call the NP Security and request that an officer be dispatched to the site.
- 9.4.1.3 **DO NOT COMPLY WITH THE CALLER'S DEMANDS;**
- 9.4.1.3 The most important consideration in this type of circumstance is to ensure the safety of sales associates and customers.



9.5 Robberies, Break-Ins, Assaults and Vandalism

In the event of a robbery, for your safety and the safety of others the following procedures should be followed:

- 9.5.1 Keep it short and smooth, like a normal sales transaction;
- 9.5.2 The average robbery takes less than two minutes. Obey the robber's commands; your co-operation can reduce the threat of violence;
- 9.5.3 Try to keep calm and observe the actions of the robber. Do not stare at the robber. Try to remember exactly what is said, what he/she looks like, and his/her means of transportation.
- 9.5.4 Avoid surprises or any action that might anger the robber or make him/her nervous. Warn the robber of any other associates working in the store, or about any possible surprises such as a customer pulling into the parking lot.
If you should move, let the robber know what to expect;
- 9.5.5 **Don't argue with the robber;**
- 9.5.6 Give the robber what he/she asks for. Do not argue; do not resist the robber.
- 9.5.7 **After the robber has left the store, lock the store doors, And call the police immediately;**
- 9.5.8 Take the necessary steps to determine losses and inform your Franchisee.
- 9.5.9 Re-open the store when all necessary investigative steps have been taken.
- 9.5.10 Do not talk to anyone, including regular customers, about the robbery.



9.6 Dangerous Weather

In case of a hurricane, all stores will provide service up to the last minute possible, without endangering personnel or our customers. Service to customers will be resumed immediately after all danger to personnel has passed.

The Franchisee and Area Manager will be in communication during any "Hurricane Watch" or "Hurricane Warning". He/she will advise when to close the store.

9.6.1 Things To Do In The Event of a Hurricane

- 9.6.1.1 Prepare store for a hurricane by securely packing away any loose merchandise and store equipment.
- 9.6.1.2 Continue to serve your customer efficiently and calmly;



9.7 Things To Do Before Leaving Your Store

- 9.7.1 Close store as you normally would, putting away cash,
- 9.7.2 Place any remaining empty cases in cooler;
- 9.7.3 Store all remaining merchandise inside store;
- 9.7.4 Store cash register in back room (off the floor);
- 9.7.5 Be sure back room door is closed tightly & locked;
- 9.7.6 Miscellaneous outside signs must be placed inside the store.

Things To Do After a Storm

- 9.7.7 Phone your Manager to report any damage, shortage, or loss of power;
- 9.7.8 Resume normal work schedule.

REMEMBER THAT IN THE EVENT OF A HURRICANE, OUR CUSTOMERS WILL BE DEPENDING UPON US SO LET US DO OUR BEST TO FULFIL THEIR NEEDS



9.8 Power Failure

- 9.8.1 Close Store.
- 9.8.2 Check if power failure is isolated to the store by checking neighbouring buildings.
- 9.8.3 If trouble is within your store. Check the electrical panel for a blown fuse or a breaker that has tripped;
- 9.8.4 If the electricity is out throughout the neighbourhood, contact T&TEC;
- 9.8.5 Always ensure that there is a working flashlight at all times;
- 9.8.6 **Do not open the cooler doors**, ice cream freezers, or refrigerators, until the electrical service is restored;
- 9.8.7 If you are without electricity for more than 15 minutes, notify your Manager. In addition, make arrangements to secure perishable items (e.g. ice cream, milk) so that merchandise can be moved in order to prevent spoilage.

9.9 Fires

- 9.9.1 All personnel are expected to know the location of fire extinguishers and how to use them;
- 9.9.2 If a fire breaks out in the store, and it is safe to do so, the Associate on duty should attempt to put out the fire with the dry chemical extinguisher available in the store;
- 9.9.3 If a fire breaks out in the store, evacuate all customers and do not permit any additional customers to enter. **Do not lock the doors to the store;**
- 9.9.4 Keep emergency numbers posted nearby (Fire Services, Ambulance, Emergency Health Services-EHS the nearest Regional Health Authority).



9.9 Fires (continued)

Electrical Fires

- 9.9.5 If the cause of the fire is electrical, **Do not attempt to put it out with water;**
- 9.9.6 If there is safe access, turn off the power to the store. Call the fire department immediately, regardless of whether the fire has been put out. Then call your Area Manager;
- 9.9.7 All associates should evacuate the building and wait for the arrival of the fire fighters;
- 9.9.8 Do not resume store operations until the fire fighting personnel have given clearance;
- 9.9.9 If there is extensive damage to merchandise, contact your insurers so that a proper assessment can be conducted.



10.0 ROBBERY PREVENTION

This policy applies to all personnel involved with the handling of cash. Strict compliance with this policy reduces the possibility of stores being robbed and, more importantly, enhances your safety in the event of a robbery. Experience has proven that well-trained store personnel who consistently follow these prevention steps can greatly reduce the threat of robbery.

10.1 Cash Control

The greatest influencing factor in robbery prevention is the amount of cash immediately available.

10.1.1 NO MORE THAN \$300.00 IS TO BE HELD BY FORECOURT ATTENDANTS AT ANY TIME. NO MORE THAN \$500.00 IS TO BE LEFT IN THE CASH REGISTER AT ANY TIME. Any amount in excess of this limit should be deposited into the drop safe. Cash-level violations may result in disciplinary action up to and including termination.

10.1.2 Ask customers for exact change or to pay with the smallest bills they have.

ALL CASH SHOULD EITHER BE IN THE CASH REGISTER DRAWER OR IN A LOCKED SAFE.



10.2 CIT Pick Up

- 10.2.1 The station's vault is to be opened in the presence of the security officer and two service station employees e.g. station manager and supervisor or supervisor and c-store associate.
- 10.2.2 All packets in vault must include safe drop slips reflecting the contents of the packet.
- 10.2.3 All packets in vault must be colour coded to reflect the shift on which the money was deposited.
- 10.2.4 The security officer must verify the number of packets being placed in the deposit bags.
- 10.2.5 No more than thirty packets must be placed in a deposit bag.
- 10.2.5 After the packets are counted and placed in the respective deposit bags i.e. one deposit bag per shift the CIT provider must then check vault in the presence of station employees to ensure that all packets have been removed and placed in the respective deposit bags before bags are sealed.
- 10.2.6 Information on deposit slips must be written on deposit bags reflecting the following information-
 - Station Name
 - To Delivery Address
 - Date Of Collection
 - Number Of Packets
 - Amount Said To Contain



10.3 Robbery Prevention Techniques

- 10.3.1 The store, driveway and parking areas should be kept neat and clean at all times, and well lit during evening and early morning hours.
- 10.3.2 Keep active. Your activity will turn away some robbers simply because it indicates that someone is in the store cares.
- 10.3.3 Be aware of activities outside the store. If you observe suspicious persons or vehicles, call the police before something happens. Ask for a routine patrol to check out "suspicious" person(s) or vehicles. Get the complaint officer's name. The police welcome such calls, and they often pay off in preventing robberies.
- 10.3.4 Maximise visibility by moving displays or signs that block the view of the register from the outside.
- 10.3.5 Make sure that you can see out and that police or passers-by can see in.
- 10.3.6 **THE REAR DOOR SHOULD REMAIN LOCKED AT ALL TIMES.**
- 10.3.7 Acknowledge each customer when he/she enters the store; make eye contact and greet the customer.
- 10.3.8 Spend time on the sales floor whenever you can.
- 10.3.9 Trash should be taken out only during daylight hours.
- 10.3.10 Post police, fire, utility companies, ambulance, NP and other emergency phone numbers near the phone.
- 10.3.11 No unauthorised persons are allowed behind the counter.



10.4 Conduct during Investigations

- 10.4.1 Associates should co-operate fully with law enforcement officers conducting investigations of incidents on store property.
- 10.4.2 Associates should comply with all reasonable requests from law enforcement officers and avoid any confrontation or arguments. If an associate has a question about a law enforcement officer's actions, he/she should report the matter to the Manager.



11.0 OTHER SECURITY AND SAFETY ISSUES

11.1 Weapons

11.1.1 IT IS A DIRECT VIOLATION OF NP POLICY TO USE, CARRY OR CONCEAL A WEAPON OF ANY TIME WITHIN THE WORK SETTING. NO EXCEPTIONS WILL BE TOLERATED.

11.1.2 A weapon is defined as anything that can be used for fighting or to cause injury. Guns, knives, sticks, clubs, tire irons, mace, baseball bats, etc., are not permitted in any NP property.

11.2 Company Prosecution

11.2.1 NP will institute proceedings and prosecute offenders responsible for any criminal acts against the Company. These offences include robbery, burglary, theft, embezzlement, criminal damage and written threats to commit such acts.

11.2.2 In most serious criminal offences, the police investigation will often result in criminal charges being directly filed against the suspect(s) by the local district or prosecuting attorney. The store manager and associates are required to give all necessary assistance, including making written statements, co-operating with law enforcement investigations, and attending court if called upon to do so. (Associates will be compensated for time spent in these efforts.) Failure to co-operate in a law enforcement investigation may result in disciplinary action, up to and including termination.



11.0 OTHER SECURITY & SAFETY ISSUES (Cont'd)

11.3 Unauthorized Visitors

- 11.3.1 Persons not employed by the Store Manager or NP are strictly prohibited from working in any of the stores or serving customers at any time under any circumstances. This includes friends or family members of Sales Associates.
- 11.3.2 Loitering is not permitted in any Station. This policy includes friends, family, vendors and/or neighbourhood residents. If, after a customer or vendor has conducted his/her business in any store, they seem to be hanging around for no obvious reason, ask them if they need additional help. Help them if required, or wish them a nice day and ask them to leave.



11.4 Bomb Threats

If there is a bomb threat, store personnel should remain calm and do the following:

- 11.4.1 Immediately evacuate all customers and associates from the store
- 11.4.2 Lock the cash register and make sure that the safe(s) are fully locked
- 11.4.3 Lock the store door
- 11.4.4 Immediately call the police. Tell the police who you are, where you are, and that you have just received a bomb threat. Remain on the phone and answer all questions until told to hang up
- 11.4.5 Call your Area Manager and notify him/her of the bomb threat
- 11.4.6 Wait outside the store for the police to arrive and follow police instructions
- 11.4.7 **DO NOT ATTEMPT TO SEARCH FOR A BOMB**
- 11.4.8 **DO NOT RE-ENTER THE STORE UNLESS ASKED TO DO SO BY THE POLICE**
- 11.4.9 **DO NOT MAKE ANY STATEMENTS OR ANSWER MEDIA QUESTIONS.** Refer them to your Manager
- 11.4.10 In order to help the police trace the caller, try to remember as much information about the call as you can. After you have secured your safety and that of any customers, try to write down everything that you remember especially anything the perpetrator said or did which struck you as unusual



12.0 PHYSICAL SECURITY

The physical security of the Store is the responsibility of every Sales Associate. Physical security is a system of building structure, locks, lighting, alarm system, safes and cameras. The purpose of these security measures is to deter robberies, the theft of money, merchandise and equipment, and to prevent vandalism and the destruction of property.

12.1 Building Structure

12.1.1 REAR ENTRANCES TO THE STORES SHOULD BE KEPT LOCKED AT ALL TIMES.

12.1.2 Front doors must be fully locked while the store is closed. All store doors are equipped with pivotal dead bolts that prevent prying, sawing or removal.

12.1.3 Make sure that the pivot-bolt swings up inside the frame when locking it. Make sure that ALL locks work properly.

12.2 Safes

12.2.1 Safes should be kept locked at all times. This means that the safe door should be closed and can only be opened with the timer. Safes will not be left on what is commonly called "day lock".

12.2.2 Before closing the store, the associate on duty should place all the money in the safe and make sure that all the store doors are locked.

12.2.3 Any malfunction of any safe component (i.e., doors, dials, etc.) should be reported to the Maintenance Department immediately.



12.3 Burglary Prevention

Regular inspection and correction of burglary risks are the best methods of preventing burglaries. Use the following checklist to guide and assist you when inspecting the store:

- 12.3.1 Keep fences and gates in good repair
- 12.3.2 Make sure that all exterior lights are working properly
- 12.3.3 Keep windows free of unauthorised signs
- 12.3.4 Keep emergency numbers posted in easily accessible locations
- 12.3.5 Keep ladders and any other form of access secured
- 12.3.6 Make sure that all security devices are working
- 12.3.7 Keep any outside storage areas locked at all times

12.4 Burglary

Upon arriving at your store, if you observe signs of a break-in, do not enter the store. Go directly to the nearest telephone and call the police, then call your Manager. Do not use the phone in the store, because the subjects could still be inside. When the police arrive:

- 12.4.1 Allow them to enter the store first. After the police give you permission to enter, begin taking an inventory to determine the loss
- 12.4.2 Co-operate with the police, but do not attempt to verify the amount of loss. Your Area Manager will furnish this information to the police
- 12.4.3 Contact the Maintenance Department for any emergency repairs



12.5 FORECOURT HEALTH, SAFETY AND ENVIRONMENTAL PROCEDURES

Most accidents are preventable. NP Stores seeks to ensure a safe environment for working and shopping. Each associate has a personal responsibility to work toward achieving a safe environment. With the effort of all associates, our stores and other facilities can be accident and injury free.

12.5.a General Safety Guidelines

- 12.5.1 **SMOKING/ OPEN FLAME** is prohibited at ALL outlets.
- 12.5.2 The **USE OF CELLULAR PHONES** is prohibited at ALL outlets.
- 12.5.3 **DO NOT SIT** on the fire extinguisher or the sand bins, which are clearly identified.
- 12.5.4 **DO NOT STAND** in the way of motorists as they approach dispensers.
- 12.5.5 **DO NOT EXPOSE** or **KEEP** large sums of money on your person.
- 12.5.6 Know where **EMERGENCY SWITCHES** are located.
- 12.5.7 **BE CAREFUL** when handling 20 lb LPG cylinders. Check for **LEAKS** using the soapy water test.
- 12.5.8 Be aware of a **SAFE AREA** on the premises which should be upwind of the site.
- 12.5.9 Motorists must **SWITCH OFF** their **ENGINES** while filling their tanks.



12.6 PORTABLE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS

- 12.6.1 All portable fire extinguishers at Service Stations are all-purpose fire extinguishers. This means that they are able to extinguish all types of fires.
- 12.6.2 Portable fire extinguishers must remain in their designated positions and must be easily accessible.
- 12.6.3 All employees must be familiar with the location of the fire extinguishers.
- 12.6.4 All fire extinguishers, smoke detectors and alarms must be checked periodically for damages. Report any defects to the NP Sales Representative as soon as possible for corrective action.
- 12.6.5 To operate the Portable Fire Extinguisher:
 - 12.6.5.1 Remove the extinguisher
 - 12.6.5.2 Remove the Safety Seal
 - 12.6.5.3 Approach the fire
 - 12.6.5.4 Remove the Safety Pin
 - 12.6.5.5 Keeping a safe distance (at least 6-8 ft.) away from the fire aim at the base of the fire and tackle in an upward direction
 - 12.6.5.6 With a sweeping, to and fro motion, discharge the extinguisher
 - 12.6.5.7 When fire is extinguished wait for a few minutes in case the fire re-ignites



12.7 First-aid Kits (When Installed)

Be aware of where your store's first-aid kit is located and make sure it is easily accessible. The kit should be kept fully stocked with first aid and medical supplies.



12.8 Fuel Containers

12.8.1 The use of unauthorized and unsafe containers for the collecting of fuel is dangerous for the public and against the law.

12.8.2 The MOEEI standards require that all fuel storage containers meet the requirements of the Petroleum Act, Chapter 62:01. However, as a general rule, containers satisfying the following conditions may also be acceptable.

12.8.3 Be predominantly red in colour and capable of securely holding gasoline without the risk of leaking or breaking.

12.8.4 Must bear a warning label about the dangers of gasoline.

12.8.5 The container's mouth must easily allow the fuel nozzle to enter when filling and must have an air tight screw cap.

12.8.6 Be manufactured under international standards including, but not limited to, ASTM, USDOT, UL and CSA. As such, the following are examples of items that are NOT suitable for receiving fuel:

- Beer/soft drink cans
- Buckets of any type
- Empty household cleaning bottles (bleach bottles etc)
- Soft drink "Jaliter" bottles
- Styrofoam containers
- Water bottles



12.9 Health Issues

To ensure that Forecourt Attendants do not injure their health on the job they must follow these guidelines:

- 12.9.1 Always **WASH HANDS** before eating
- 12.9.2 **DO NOT EAT** at the fuel pumps
- 12.9.3 **STAND UP-WIND** while dispensing fuel
- 12.9.4 **DO NOT LAUNDER** your working uniform with home clothes
- 12.9.5 **CHANGE UNIFORM** as regularly as can be permitted
- 12.9.6 **PRACTISE PERSONAL HYGIENE**



12.10 Environmental Issues

- 12.10.1 Absorbent materials must be used on all fuel spillages. Never wash fuel with water into public drains. Sand from the sand bins can also be used, also dispose of waste in the appropriate bin, bag etc, and tag or identify it.
- 12.10.2 Oily rags and empty oil containers are to be placed in the garbage bins.
- 12.10.3 Ensure that motorists do not place garbage or empty oil containers in the sand bins. If any are observed, remove as soon as possible.
- 12.10.4 Waste oil (at outlets where there are service bays) is to be placed into 46-gallon drums and disposed of as directed by NP.
- 12.10.5 Interceptor Pits (at outlets where there are service bays) are to be cleaned periodically and the silt/debris allowed to dry before removal/disposal as directed by NP.

12.11 Fuel Spills

The following steps should be followed in the event of a fuel spill:

- 12.11.1 Immediately absorb the spilled fuel, using sand and sawdust. This should be swept up and bagged separately for disposal
- 12.11.2 Never use water to dilute a gas spill
- 12.11.3 Notify your Store Manager immediately
- 12.11.4 There should be NO smoking or naked lights in the forecourt area



12.12 Nozzle Leaks

- 12.12.1 Shut the pump OFF immediately.
- 12.12.2 Cover the pump nozzle with a bag to stop usage.
- 12.12.3 Call the Maintenance Department immediately.
- 12.12.4 Notify your Store Manager.

12.13 Damaged Pump

- 12.13.1 In the event of a vehicle striking a gas pump and a spill
Occurring immediately turn off the pump, using the
emergency
stop switch.
- 12.13.2 Call the Maintenance Department immediately.
- 12.13.3 Notify your Store manager immediately.

12.14 20 lb LPG Cylinder Leakage

- 12.14.1 Inform the Manager of any leaking 20 lb LPG cylinders in the
storage rack.
- 12.14.2 Notify the supplier to remove the leaking cylinder.
- 12.14.3 Do not stock leaking cylinders- HAVE THEM REMOVED.
Leaking cylinders should be submerged in a container of water
until it is removed from the compound.



12.15 Disposal of Waste Engine Oils

12.15.1 Collect all engine oil from vehicles on the 46-gallon drum supplied by NP where applicable.

12.15.2 When the container is filled, notify the relevant personnel.

12.15.3 Dispose of the waste oil in the recommended manner.

12.16 Non-Fuel Spills

12.16.1 Clean up any liquid, granular, or other non-fuel spill from the floor, sidewalk, parking area or any other area where the spill has occurred.

12.16.2 Immediately place 'Wet Floor' signs to people of the safety hazard.

12.16.3 Be watchful of this area to insure that no Associate or customer is injured.

12.17 Storage Tank Leakage

12.17.1 Notify the Area Manager as soon as possible.

12.18 Use of Cellular Phones

12.18.1 The use of Cellular Phones on the forecourt is **STRICTLY PROHIBITED.**

12.19 Smoking Policy

SMOKING IS PROHIBITED BOTH ON THE FORECOURT AND C-STORE AREAS.



13.0 UNSAFE CONDITIONS

13.1.1 Be alert to unsafe conditions that may cause accidents on the store premises, such as:

- i. Slippery floors
- ii. Broken glass
- iii. Obstructions in aisles and walkways
- iv. Stacking heights
- v. Poor lighting
- vi. Water leaks
- vii. Mechanical or electrical malfunctions

13.1.2 Report to the Maintenance Department and to your store manager, any unsafe conditions that require maintenance work.

13.1.3 Know where emergency phone numbers are kept and posted.

13.1.4 Keep all exits free of obstructions.



14.0 BUSH FIRES

In case of a bush fire, all stores will provide service up to the last minute possible, without endangering personnel or our customers. Service to customers will be resumed immediately after all danger to personnel has passed.

The Franchisee and Area Manager will be in communication during any bush fire. He/she will advise when to close and leave the premises.

The following steps should be followed in the event of a bush fire:

14.1 Be aware of where your store's first-aid kit is located and make sure it is easily accessible. The kit should be kept fully stocked with first aid and medical supplies.

14.2. Notify the Area Manager as soon as possible.

14.3 If a bush fire occurs and it is affecting the premises, and it is safe to do so, the associate on duty should attempt to put out the fire with the dry chemical extinguisher available in the store.

14.4 Evacuate all customers and do not permit any additional customers to enter.

14.5 Keep emergency numbers posted nearby (Fire Services, Ambulance, Emergency Health Services-EHS the nearest Regional Health Authority).

14.6 If there is safe access, turn off the power to the store. Call the fire department immediately.

14.7 All associates should evacuate the building and wait for the arrival of the fire fighters;

14.8 Do not resume store operations until the fire fighting personnel have given clearance.



FIRE SERVICE HEADQUARTERS
WRIGHTSON ROAD
PORT-OF-SPAIN
P.O. BOX 669
TRINIDAD
WEST INDIES

Ref. No 193/14

*In replying, the above
number and date of
this letter should be
quoted.*

TEL. NOS. 625-2671-5
WEBSITE: www.ttfireservice.gov.tt

May 6, 2014

Project Manager
Engineering Consultants
112A Edward Street,
Port of Spain.

Dear Sir,

**RE: PRELIMINARY FIRE APPROVAL –
TRINITY PROJECT – TISSUE DRIVE, TRINITY
HILO & ASSOCIATED COMMERCIAL SPACES**

With reference to your application pertaining to the above-mentioned premises, your proposals were reviewed and conditional approval is granted by the Chief Fire Officer for the proposed development, subject to the implementation of the following requirements.

FIRE DETECTION, ALARM AND COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS

1. An AC/DC Fire Detection and Alarm System, required for Life Safety shall be installed, tested and maintained in accordance with applicable requirements of N.F.P.A. # 72 (National Fire Alarm Code) and N.F.P.A. # 70 (National Electrical Code).
 - Actuation of the alarm system shall be in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 101 Life Safety Code, Section 9-6.2.1. Sound emanating from the alarm shall be distinct, audible, differ from sounds used for other purposes in the building and be capable of being heard above all other sounds that may emanate from normal operating conditions of the occupancy.
 - Audible and visible alarm indicating devices shall be provided in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 101 Life Safety Code, Section 9-6-3.
 - Fire Alarm Pull Stations shall be installed not less than 1.1m nor greater than 1.37m above floor level along exit access path and in the vicinity of each final exit. No more than 60m shall be traversed from any part of the building to access a call point.
 - Each manual pull station in the system shall be made accessible, unobstructed, visible and of the same general type.

MEANS OF EGRESS

1. **Emergency Lighting** shall be provided in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 101 Life Safety Code, Section 7-9.
 - In the event of a main power failure (T&TEC), this system shall be capable of servicing all exits and exit access for at least 1 ½ hours.
2. **Illuminated Exit Signs** shall be installed in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 101 Life Safety Code Sections 7.10.1.2. (Marking of Means of Egress).
 - (a) The lettering for these signs shall be not less than **150mm (6 inches)** with the principal strokes of letter not less than **19mm (¾ inch)** wide and coloured green on a white background.
 - (b) The word **EXIT** shall be in letters of a width not less than **51mm (2 inches)** except the letter I, and the minimum spacing between letters shall be no less than **9.5mm (3/8 inch)**.
 - (c) **Exit Directional Signs** shall be placed in every location where the direction of travel to reach the exit is not apparent.
 - (d) All Exits shall be kept clear and free from obstruction at all times.
3. **Ramps and Access** to and from the building shall be provided for person with disabilities in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 101 Section 7-2.5.
4. **Where wheel carts** are used by Hi Lo customers, adequate provision shall be made for the transit and parking of such carts, to minimized the possibility that they might obstruct the means of egress.
5. The components in the means of egress shall be in accordance with **section 7.2 (Means of Egress)** of the NFPA 101 Life Safety Code 2009 Edition.
6. **Security measures or incidental building activities** shall not impede exit doors, passage ways or any other part of a means of egress.

FIRE EXTINGUISHING / SUPPRESSION SYSTEMS

1. **Portable Fire Extinguishers** shall be **Installed, Inspected and Maintained** in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 10 (Standard for Portable Extinguishers).
 - (a) Extinguishers shall be hung on the wall with their tops 1.4m above floor level.
2. **A Fire Hose Reel System** shall be installed in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 14 (Standard for the installation of Standpipe and Hose System). This system shall be provided with a 25.4 mm hose, capable of reaching a distance of 30m when fully extended.
 - (a) A **dedicated water supply** shall be provided to facilitate fire-fighting operations for a minimum duration of thirty (30) minutes.

- (b) A fire pump shall be installed in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 20 (Standard for the installation of Centrifugal Fire Pumps).
3. The Automatic Sprinkler System shall be installed throughout the first floor of the building in accordance with NFPA 13 (Standard for Automatic Sprinkler System)

SPECIAL HAZARD PROTECTION

1. The Storage and Handling of Flammable and Combustible Liquids on the compound, shall comply with N.F.P.A. #30 (Flammable and Combustible Liquids Code).
2. Equipment utilizing gas and related gas piping shall be installed in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 58 (Standard for the Storage and Handling of Liquefied Petroleum Gases).
3. The Motor Fuel Dispensing Facility shall comply with the applicable requirements of NFPA 30A (Code for Motor Fuel Dispensing Facility & Repair Garage)
4. Areas designated for commercial cooking operations shall install commercial cooking equipment in accordance with NFPA 96 (Standard for Ventilation and Fire Protection of Commercial Cooking Operations)

FEATURES OF FIRE PROTECTION

1. The following areas shall be constructed to provide a fire resistance rating of no less than one (01) hour.

(a) Storage Rooms(b) Electrical Room(c) Air Handler Room
2. All steel stanchions shall be encased and protected with a non-combustible material.
3. The Fuel Dispensing Facility shall be provided with Fire Extinguishers installed, inspected and maintained as required by NFPA 10 (Standard for Portable Fire Extinguishers.)

HOUSEKEEPING

1. The principles of proper house-keeping shall be practiced at all times throughout the building.
 - Store Rooms shall be properly arranged and kept in an orderly manner with 0.457 metres (18") clearance maintained from the ceiling and lighting fixtures.
 - Combustibles collected during the day shall be disposed of at the end of each day's operation.
 - Discarded boxes and other obsolete materials which are stored in the building shall be removed and disposed of in an approved manner.

SIGNAGE

1. Areas having a degree of hazard greater than normal to the general occupancy of the building shall be identified, for example – Air Handler Room, Electrical Room etc.

2. Open flames and smoking shall not be permitted in flammable and combustible liquid and storage and handling areas. Such areas shall be appropriately posted as "NO SMOKING" areas.
3. **Warning Signs** shall be conspicuously posted in the dispensing area and shall incorporate the following wording: **NO SMOKING – SWITCH OFF ENGINE** etc.

BUILDING SERVICES

1. Air-conditioning, ventilating ductworks, and related equipment shall be installed in accordance with N.F.P.A. # 90A (Standard for the Installation of Air-Conditioning and Ventilating Systems).

ACCESS

1. Access for Fire Service Emergency Vehicles entering the compound shall be provided.
 - The driveway shall be constructed to accommodate vehicular load in excess of 25,000 kgs and a turning point with a radius of 8.5m shall be provided.

NB:

1. Any variation to the Fire/Life Safety Measures, Occupancy or part thereof this Department shall be notified before any changes are implemented.
2. Outfitting operations which reduces the degree of fire life safety measures, this Department shall take all reasonable steps to ensure that the required level is maintained. In this regard, additional requirements may be considered.
2. On completion of implementation of the above, this Department shall be notified, in order to conduct a Final Inspection, prior to the granting of Final Approval.

Yours faithfully


Chief Fire Officer

Ramco Trincity Plaza Project Flyer Receipt Log Sheet

	NAME	COMPANY	CONTACT #	SIGNATURE	DATE
1.	S. Mohamed				
	Salima Mohamed	I Am + c	640-2704	A -	21/3/14
2.	T. Sayers	A. A. LAQUIS LTD	640-2482	Bayen	21/3/14
3.	I Simon	pennywise	640-9473	ds	21/3/14
4.	Osley Francis	Self	686-9643 640-2172	Francis	21/03/14
5.	Robert Boopsingh	Resident	640-6413	BB	27/03/14
6.	L. Parvatal	Resident	620-6293	@	27/03/14
7.	Renee Lovell	Tireh's Gradle, Dc2 - School + After School Prog.	736-2714	Jeff	27/03/14
8.	Devika Parasian		640-4238	Parasian	27/3/14
9.	Martha Audit	Resident	640-5808	M. Audit	27/3/14

10	Edrick Gift		640-5489	Ed Gift	27/03/14
11	LANALISA GEORGE	RESIDENT	604-1167	Hacken George	27.03.14
12	NATALIA WRIGHT	ARTHEO OILFIELD SER: ~~EMPLOYEE~~ LTD	640-6462	~~Ed Gift~~	27/3/14
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					